### **Long-Term Morphological Evolution Model**



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#### Objectives -

• Introduce a simplified numerical shoreline model (CSHORE-C15) with process-based sediment transport calculations including nearshore and swash with a response to changes in forcing conditions on an hourly basis, yet can be used over longer, management-relevant time periods.

• Demonstrate model skill with 20-yr hindcast model exercise

### Motivation



•~10 km of sandy beach

- •US Marine training ground is threatened
- •Recession of shoreline in South
- Accretion on North
- •Swash and Overwash relevant
- •Forecast will require variations in sea level and storm climate

### Extrapolated Shoreline: +100yr





### Motivation



#### **Existing evolution models**

- •One-line (or n-line models) do not include profile changes and overwash
- •Phase-averaged 2DH models lack swash, computationally expensive
- Low frequency-resolving models prohibitively expensive

### CSHORE-C15 -- a new approach

•Use CSHORE to compute profile evolution, builds on growing confidence in profile modeling

- Multiple profiles, each assumed longshore uniform
- Run-time is linear with domain size
- Parallel implementation



### 1-D Profile Model-Short scale

- •Shallow Water Hydrodynamics driven by Waves
- Probabilistic Sediment Transport
- •Representation of the Swash Zone and Overtopping
- Includes Erosion and Accretion Mechanism
- •Allows Obliquely Incident Wave-Driven Transport



### **CSHORE** Profile model results

No Onslow beach profile evolution data exist
Some faith in the erosion model accuracy
OSU test named GEE with 36 hours of erosive conditions is an example comparision



# 2-D Shoreline Model-Long scale

•Cross-shore evolution (fast time-scale) informs the longer-term evolution

 Longshore balance due to conservation statement:

$$\frac{\partial V_i}{\partial t} = Q_i - Q_{i+1}$$

Used center-cell staggered grid
Profiles are translated to achieve computed volume changes



### 2-D Shoreline Model

- Initial Gaussian
   Perturbation
- Model smoothes like diffusion eqn.



### **Observed Forcing Conditions used in Model**



# Waves and Longshore Sediment Transport

-- balanced angle and height distribution generates balanced LST power

 $Q \propto H^{\frac{5}{2}} \sin(2\alpha)$ 

Longshore Transport

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	-80	-60	-40	-20	0 Angle [deg]	20	40	60	80



### Morphology Change



### Longshore Transport and Shoreline Change

-- modeled, average annual LST



### **Modeled Profile Evolution**

-- profile accretion, un-scarped dune



### **Modeled Profile Evolution**

-- profile erosion, lowering and dune overtopping



# Modeled Shoreline Position: 1998

-- after +9 years of hourly, cumulative solutions (no resetting or tuning)



## Modeled Shoreline Position: 2004

-- after 15 years of hourly, cumulative solutions (no resetting or tuning)



# Modeled Shoreline Position: 2009

-- after 20 years of hourly, cumulative solutions (no resetting or tuning)



# **Summary Findings**

- Extrapolation of historic shorelines **does not**:
  - Evolve dunes and beach topography
  - Respond to changes in relative sea level rate
  - Respond to changes in climate forces or geology (evolving bathymetry)
- No other existing model has the processes and efficiency necessary to simulate morphology stochastically over long time periods (climate relevant)
  - Model 20 yrs in about 6 hours
- Longshore transport is nearly balanced over long times
- Hindcast shoreline model within factor of 2
  - Predict 100 m (data:50m) of accretion on North
  - Predict 50 m (data:50m) of erosion on South