



36TH INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE ON COASTAL ENGINEERING 2018

Baltimore, Maryland | July 30 – August 3, 2018

The State of the Art and Science of Coastal Engineering

Hurricanes Irma/Maria In the USVI: Joint JSCE-NSF Field Reconnaissance and the use of UAVs for Geospatial Disaster Data

Dan Cox¹, Andre Barbosa¹, Greg Guannel², Andrew Kennedy³, Chase Simpson¹, Richie Slocum¹, Nobuhito Mori⁴, Taro Arikawa⁵, Daisuke Inazu⁶, Tomoya Shimura⁴, Takenori Shimosono⁷, Tracy Kijewski-Correa³, Chris Parrish¹

¹Oregon State Univ., ²Univ. Virgin Islands , ³Notre Dame Univ.,
⁴Kyoto Univ., ⁵Chuo Univ., ⁶Tokyo Univ. Marine Sci. Tech., ⁷Univ. Tokyo



IRMA

Sept 6, 2017



Puerto Rico



MARIA

Sept 20, 2017



St. Thomas

St. John's

USVI

St. Croix

BVI

30 km

Survey Teams

November 8-12, 2017
(approx. 2 months after Irma)

JSCE– Coastal Engineering

- Nobuhito Mori (lead), Kyoto U.
- Taro Arikawa, Chuo U.
- Daisuke Inazu, TUMST
- Tomoya Shimura, Kyoto U.
- Takenori Shimosono, U. Tokyo
- Eisuke Shimakawa (NHK)
- Shinya Kimura (NHK)

NSF – Wind Engineering

- David Prevat (lead), U. Florida
- David Roueche, Auburn U.
- Kwasi Perry, UAV Survey Inc.

NSF – Coastal Engineering

- Dan Cox (lead), Oregon State U.
- Andre Barbosa, Oregon State U.
- ★ Greg Guannel, U. VI
- Andrew Kennedy, Notre Dame U.
- ★ Chase Simpson, Oregon State U.
- Richie Slocum, Oregon State U.

Remote Coordinator/Collaborator

- ★ Tracy Kijewski-Correa (NSF PI),
Notre Dame U.
- Andrew Bartolini, Notre Dame U.
- Chris Parrish, Oregon State U.

Purpose

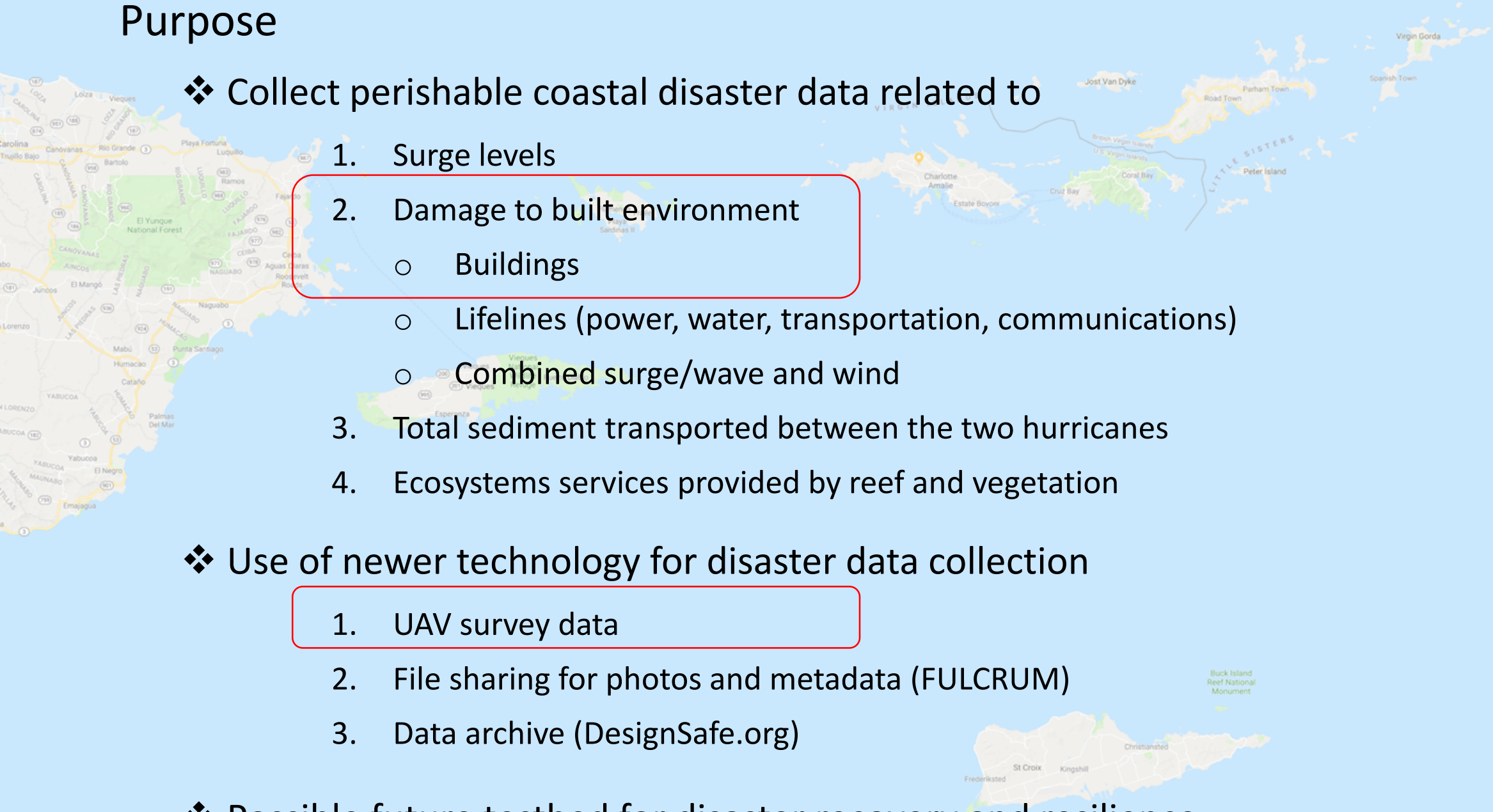
❖ Collect perishable coastal disaster data related to

1. Surge levels
2. Damage to built environment
 - Buildings
 - Lifelines (power, water, transportation, communications)
 - Combined surge/wave and wind
3. Total sediment transported between the two hurricanes
4. Ecosystems services provided by reef and vegetation

❖ Use of newer technology for disaster data collection

1. UAV survey data
2. File sharing for photos and metadata (FULCRUM)
3. Data archive (DesignSafe.org)

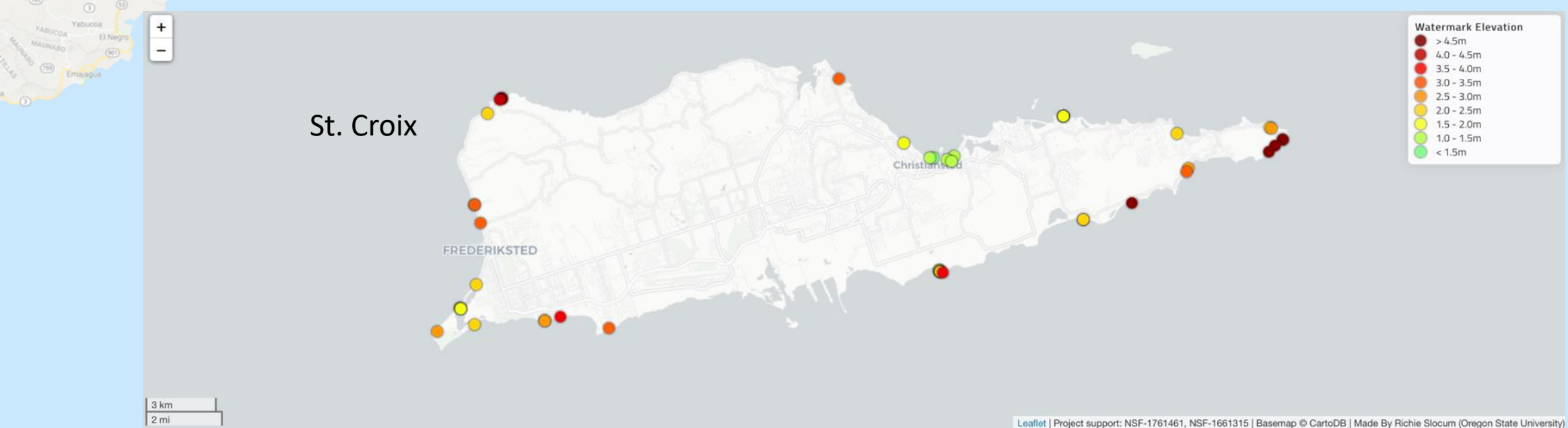
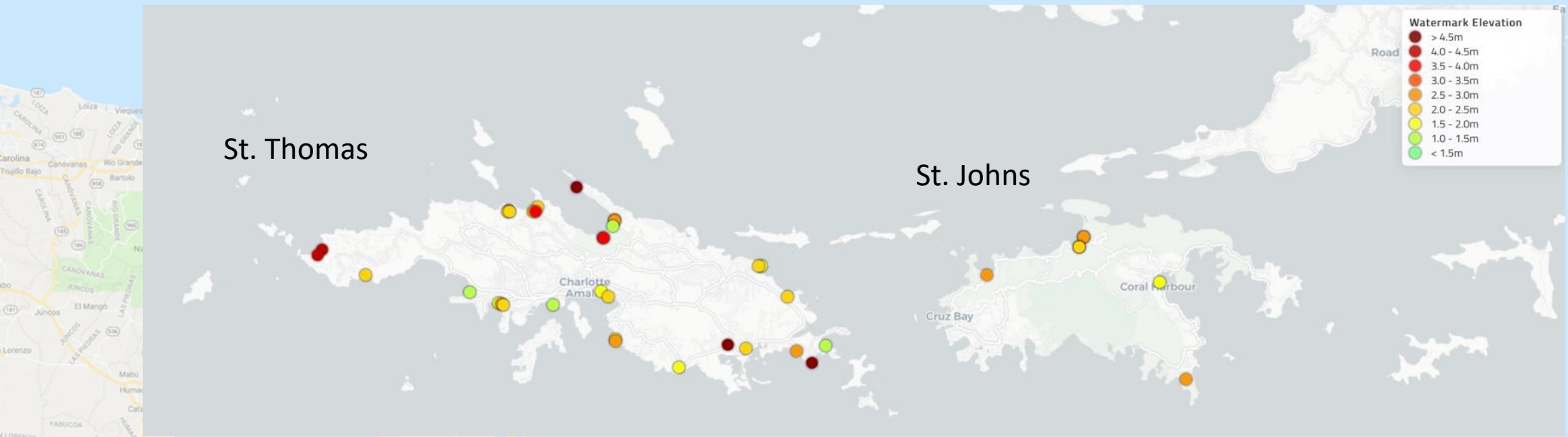
❖ Possible future testbed for disaster recovery and resilience

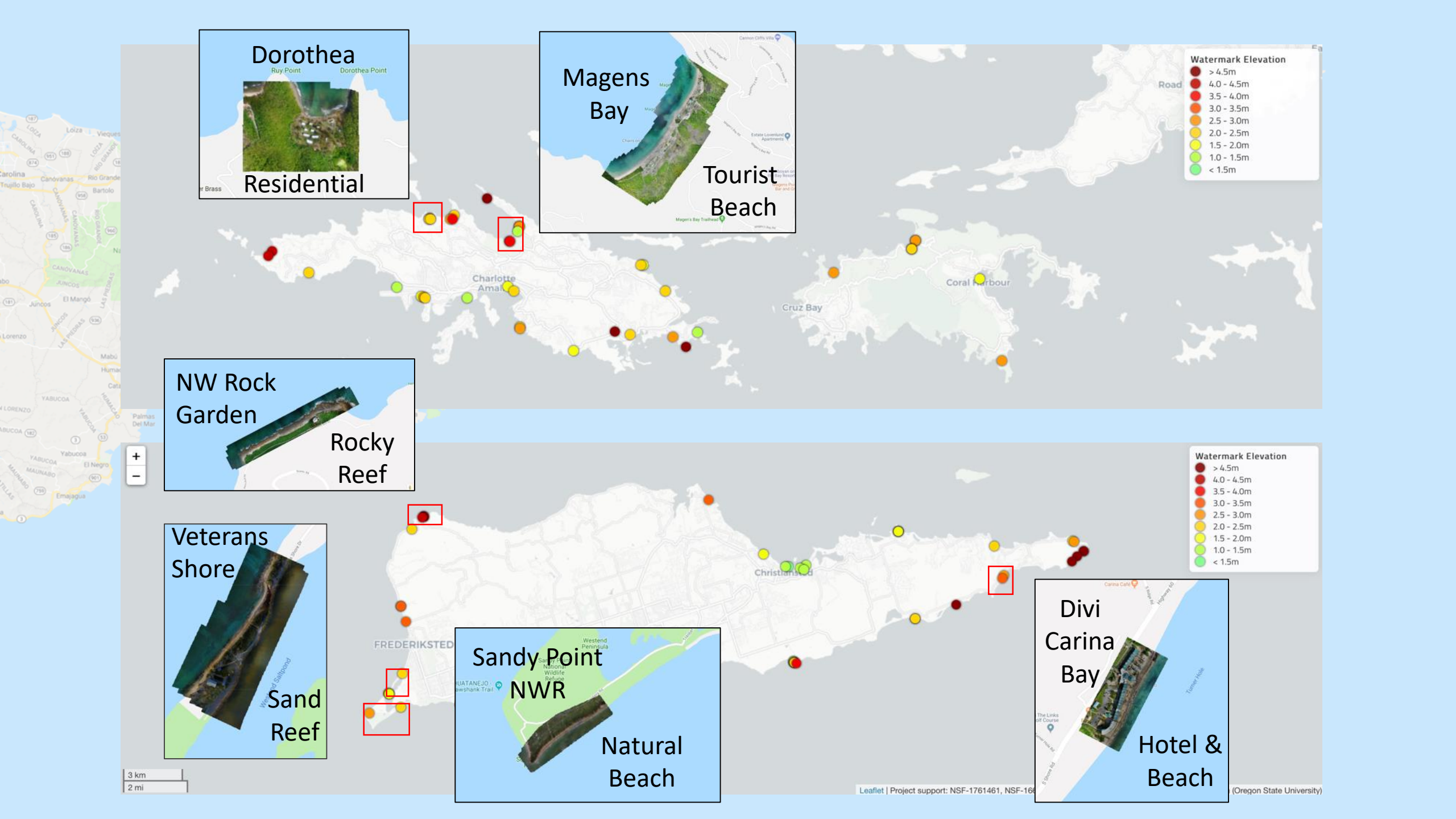












Dorothea
Ruy Point Dorothea Point

Residential

Magens Bay

Tourist Beach

NW Rock Garden

Rocky Reef

Veterans Shore

Sand Reef

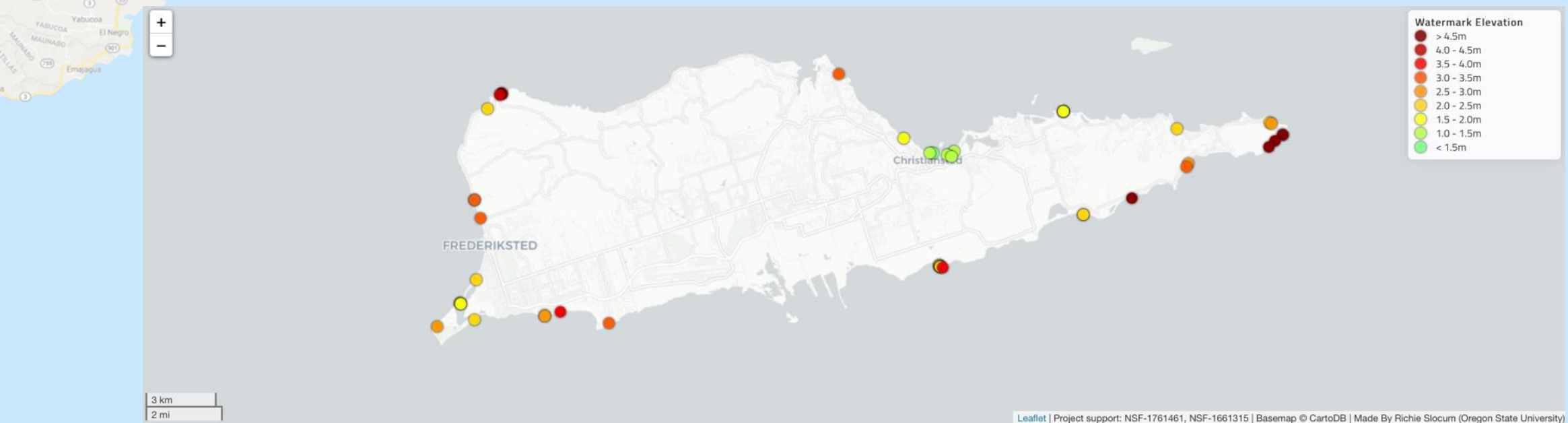
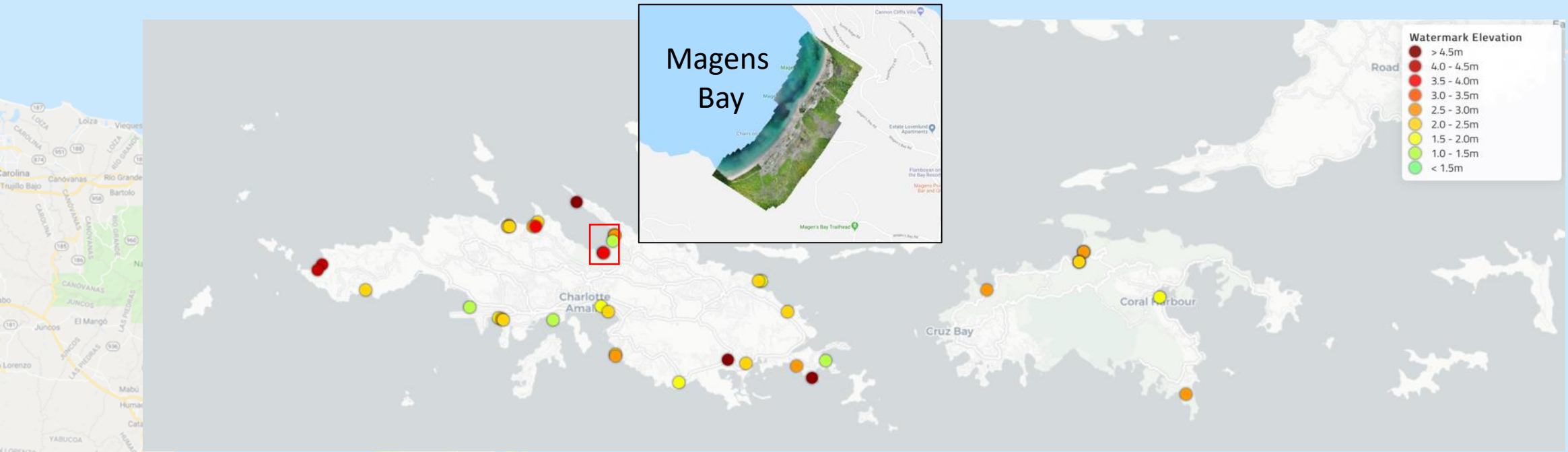
Sandy Point
NWR

Natural Beach

Divi Carina Bay

Hotel & Beach

3 km
2 mi











Oregon State University

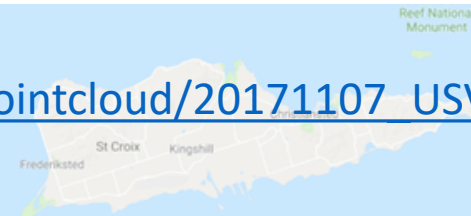
USVI, November 8-15, 2017

Geospatial Data Products

Location	Island	Date	Time	OrthoPhoto	DSM	Pointcloud	meta
Magens Bay	STT	Nov 10, 2017	12:10 PM	link	link	link	link
Dorothea Beach	STT	Nov 11, 2017	09:39 AM	link	link	link	link
Divi Carina Bay	STX	Nov 13, 2017	08:35 AM	link	link	link	link
Sandy Point	STX	Nov 13, 2017	11:42 AM	link	link	link	link
Veterans Shore Washout	STX	Nov 13, 2017	05:02 PM	link	link	link	link
Veterans Shore Washout Bathy	STX	Nov 13, 2017	05:21 PM	link	n/a	n/a	link
Northwest Rock Garden (All)	STX	Nov 14, 2017	10:24 AM	link	link	link	link
Northwest Rock Garden (Detail)	STX	Nov 14, 2017	10:38 AM	link	link	link	link



http://research.engr.oregonstate.edu/lidar/pointcloud/20171107_USVI/



Location	Island	Date	Time	OrthoPhoto	DSM	Pointcloud	meta
Magens Bay	STT	Nov 10, 2017	12:10 PM	link	link	link	link

```

Magens Bay
-----
Station ID      : MagensBay
Date           : 10 Nov, 2017
Local Time     : 1210-1602
UTC Time       : 1610-2002 UTC
Location       : "Magens Bay", St Thomas, USVI, USA
Latitude       : 18°21'44.11"N
Longitude      : 64°55'26.29"W

UAS Platform   : DJI Mavic Pro with Polarizing Lens Filter
Type Of UAS Flight : RECREATIONAL
  
```

```

RAW DATA
-----
Mapping Nadir Images : 490 (186+152+152)
Mapping Oblique Images : 171
Overview Images      : 64
Overview Video       : 0
  
```

```

MAPPING PRODUCTS
-----
Processing Software : Agisoft Photoscan 1.3.3 build 4827 (64 Bit)
OrthoPhoto         : YES
DSM                : YES
KMZ                : YES
Textured Model     : YES
Pointcloud         : YES
PoTree             : YES
  
```

```

MAPPING DATUM/ACCURACY
-----
Horizontal Datum   : WGS-84 / NAD83 UTM 20N
Absolute Horizontal Accuracy : +/- 10cm
Vertical Datum     : "Above Sea Level" from DJI Mavic GPS in exif data
Absolute Vertical Accuracy : +/- 10cm
QA/QC              : Minimal
  
```

*Note: The horizontal and vertical accuracies are estimated based on the accuracy of the control network, and the processing teams experience with SfM software. With SfM, regions with low texture, high presence of vegetation, and clear water will have much higher uncertainties. Also, the North-Eastern side of the beach had no control points, and is expected to have errors up to a few orders of magnitude larger than the South-Western side.

```

CONTROL NETWORK
-----
Number of GCPs      : 9
GPS Equipment Used  : Trimble R8
Total Station Used  : Leica TS15
Estimated Control Accuracy : * Approximately +/- 1cm
  
```

*Note: Uncertainty per point is computed, see raw data

```

SUMMARY
-----
Magens Bay was mapped in detail using multiple UAS flights. A control network of Ground Control Points was generated using L1/L2 Carrier Phase GPS and a Total Station. The control network was focused solely on the South-West half of the beach. Independent topography and bathymetry shots were measured using a prism pole, and could be utilized to perform an accuracy assessment if desired.
  
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These data were collected as part of the 2017 Hurricane Irma and Maria Disaster Reconnaissance Survey in the US Virgin Islands. Funding was provided by the National Science Foundation through awards CMMI-1761461, CMMI-1661315. Any opinions, findings, and conclusions or recommendations expressed in this material are those of the author(s) and do not necessarily reflect the views of the National Science Foundation
  
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~ \$ 1,200

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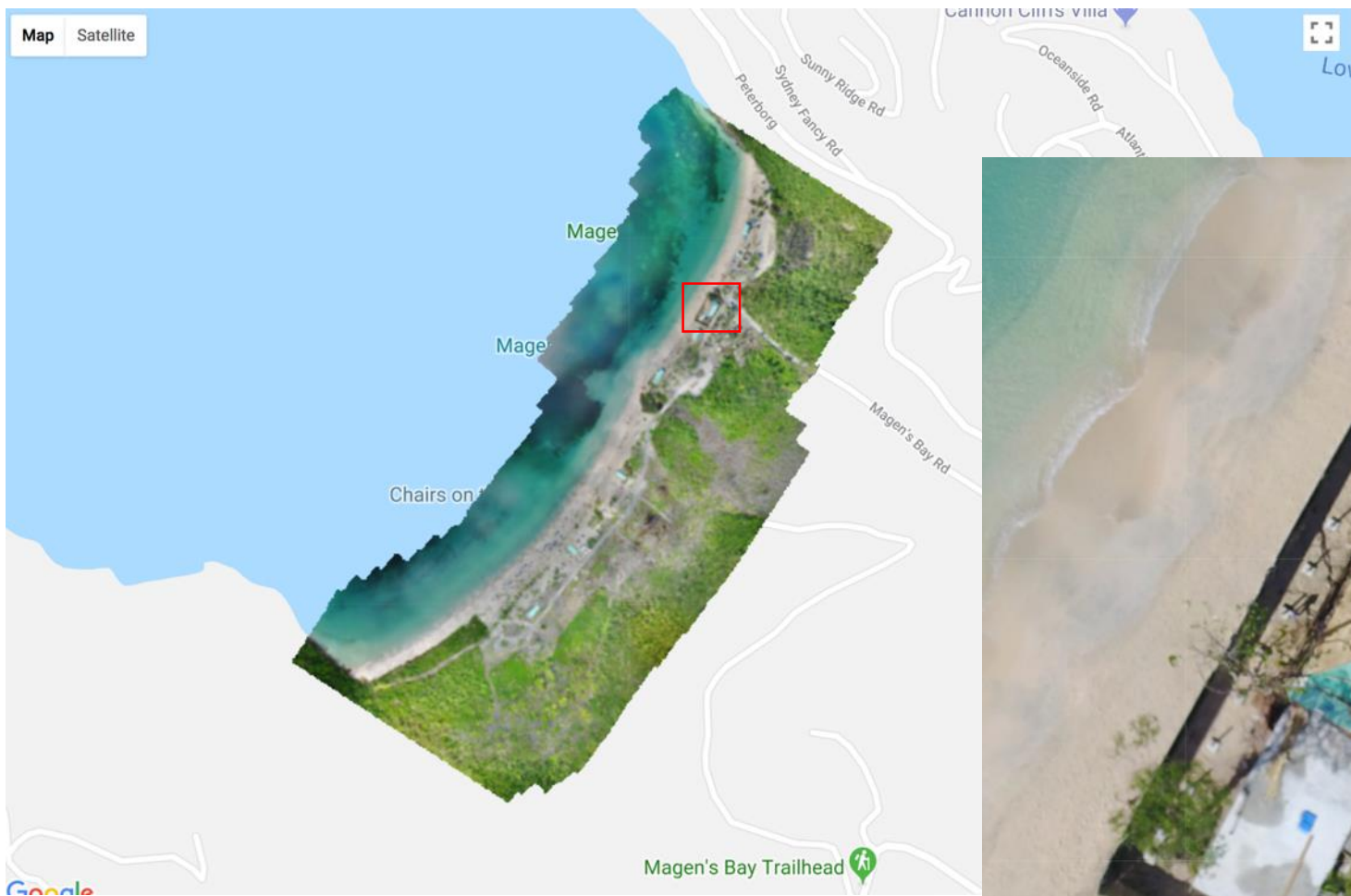
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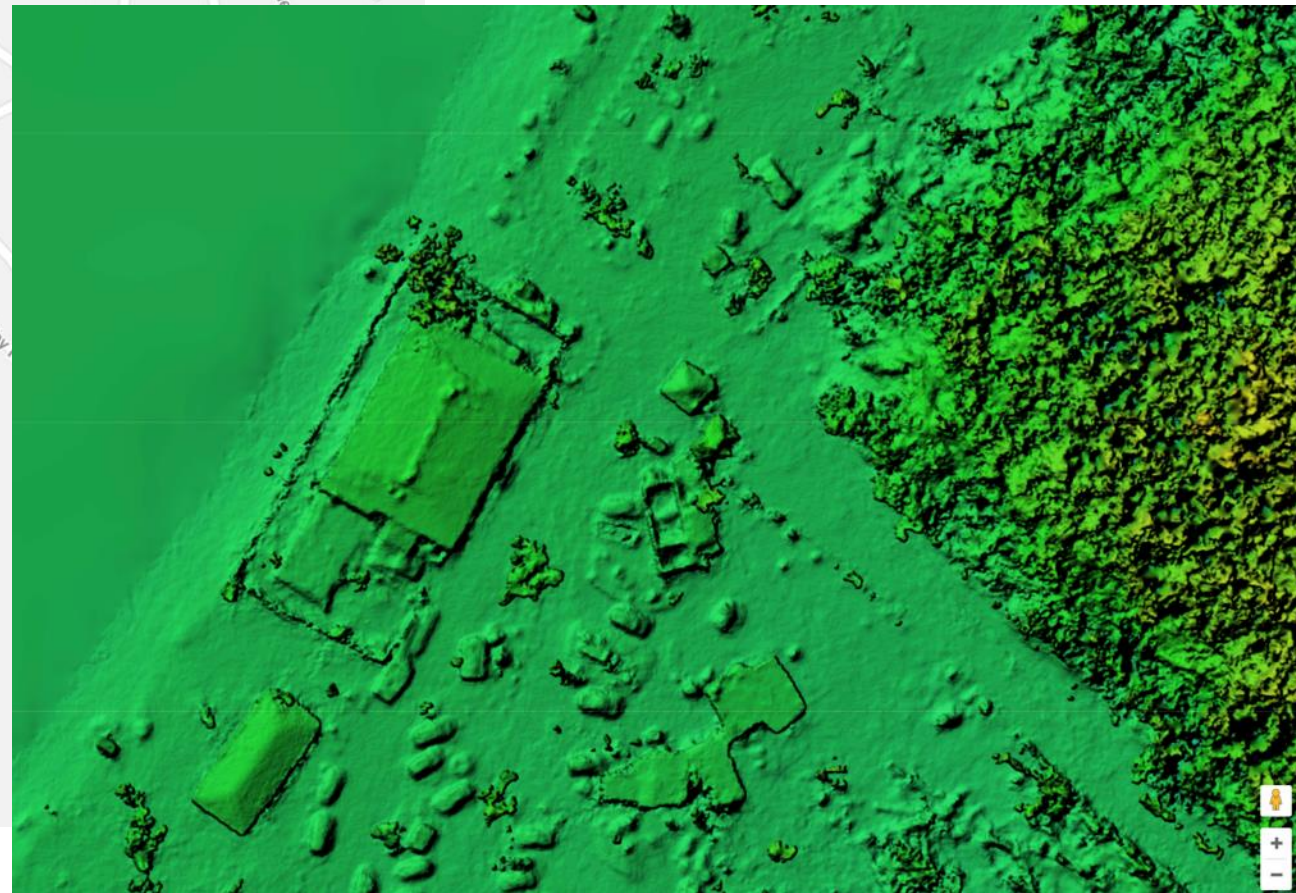
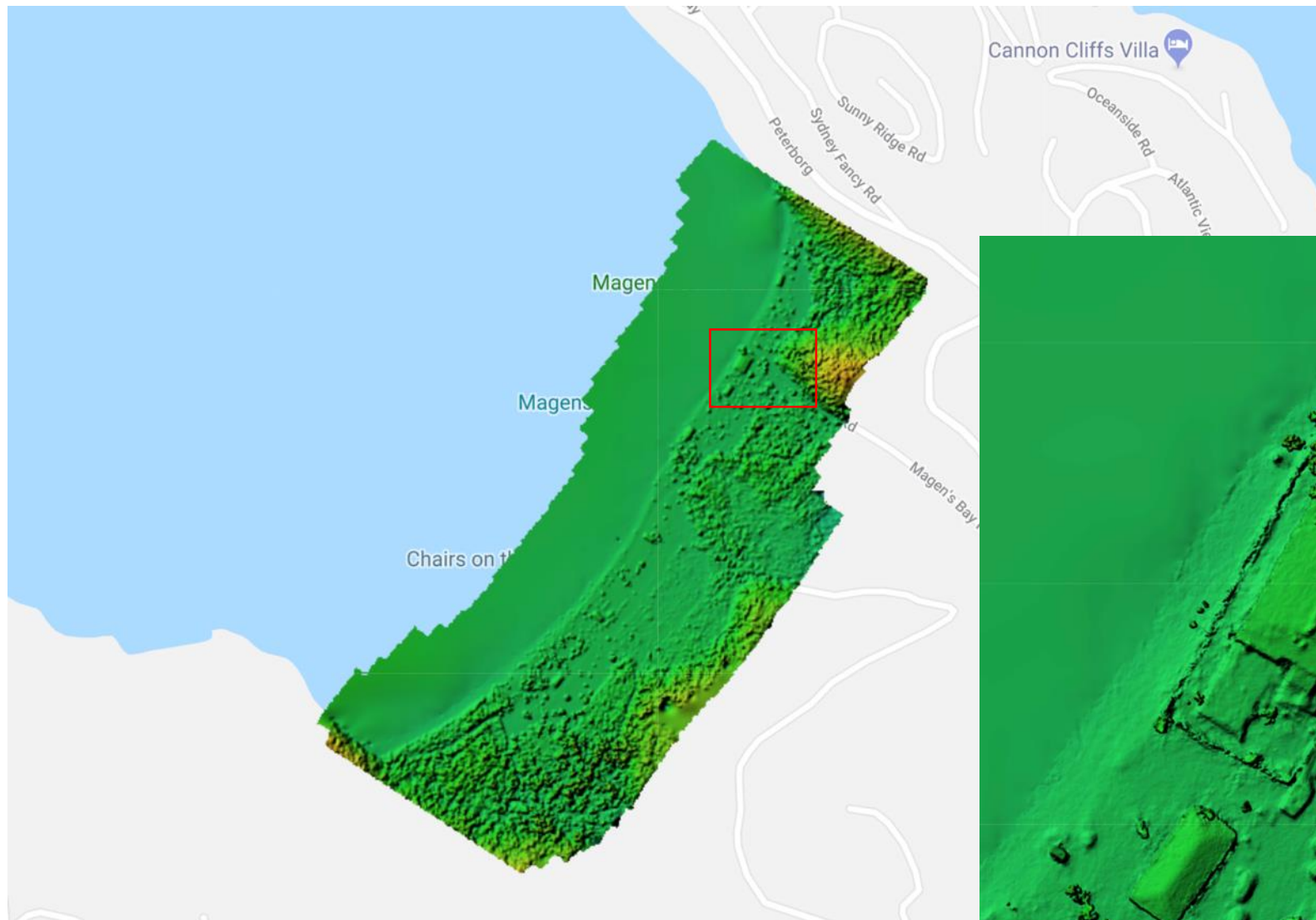
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Magens Bay	STT	Nov 10, 2017	12:10 PM	link	link	link	link

potree.org - github - twitter 1.4RC

Appearance

Point Budget: 1,000,000

Point Size: 3.00

Field of View: 60

Opacity: 1.00

Point Sizing

Fixed

Quality

Squares

Skybox

Eye-Dome-Lighting

enable

radius: 2.0

strength: 1.0

Navigation

Tools

Measurements

Material

Scene

Classification Filter

Settings

About

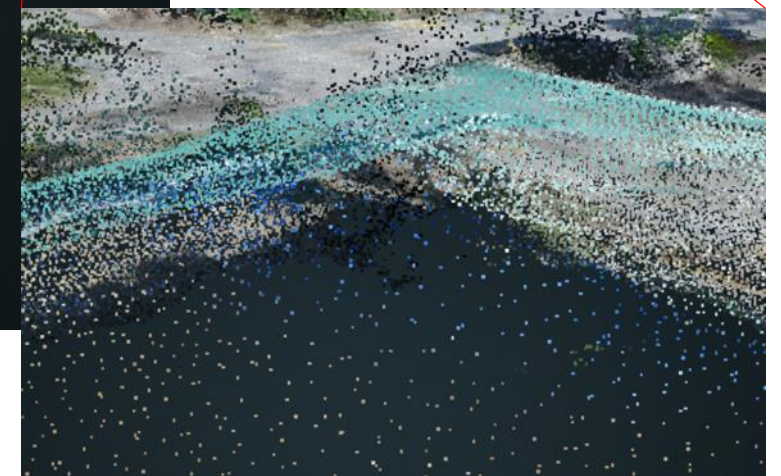
Magens Bay, St. Thomas, USVI. November 10, 2017

Data collection performed by Oregon State University

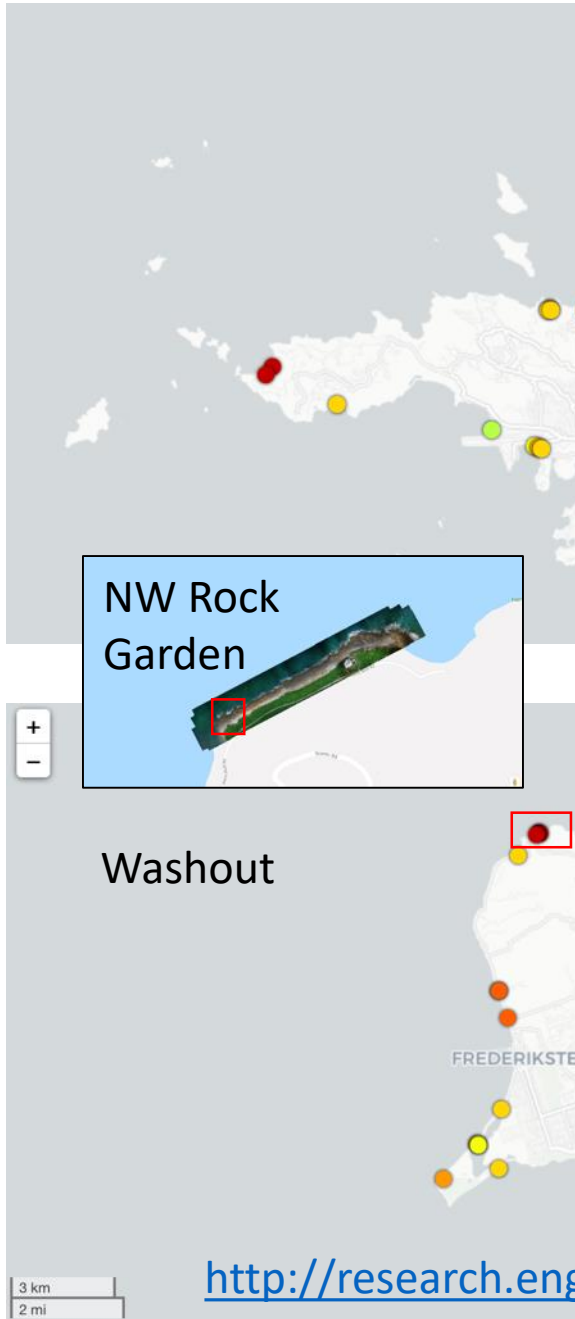
Hurricane Irma and Maria. Project support: NSF-176146




Oregon State University
College of Engineering

http://research.engr.oregonstate.edu/lidar/pointcloud/20171107_USVI/potree/MagensBay_potree_dense_filt/MagensBay.html



http://research.engr.oregonstate.edu/lidar/pointcloud/20171107_USVI/





Appearance

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Point Size: 3.00

Field of View: 60

Opacity: 1.00

Point Sizing
Fixed

Quality
Squares

Skybox

Eye-Dome-Lighting
 enable

radius: 2.0

strength: 1.0

Navigation



keep above ground

move speed 24.3

Tools

Measurements

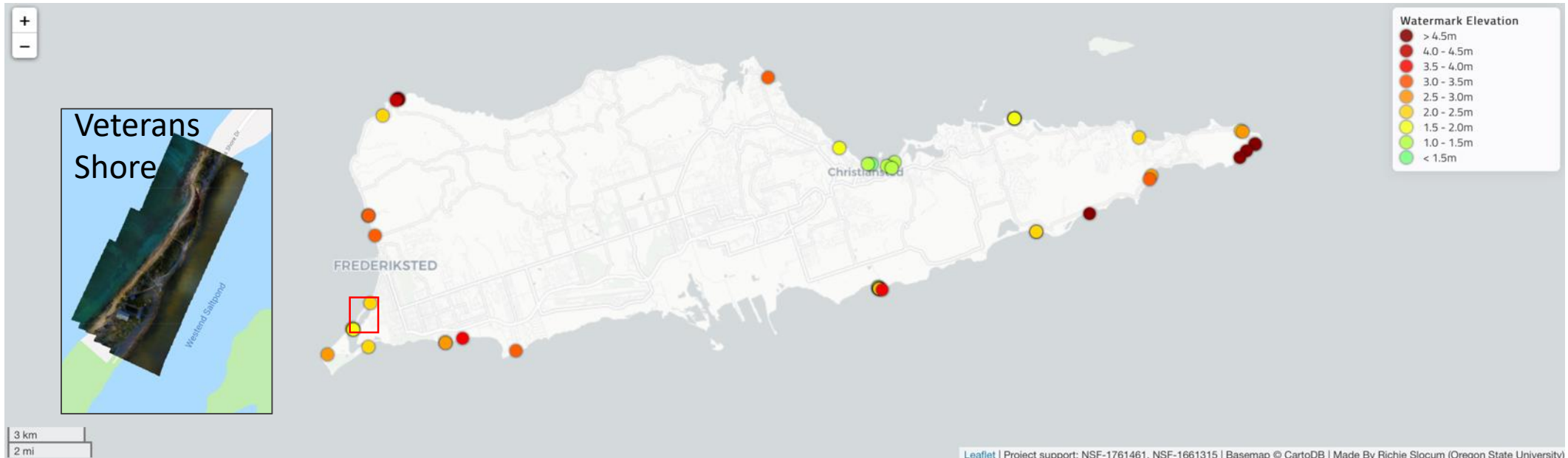
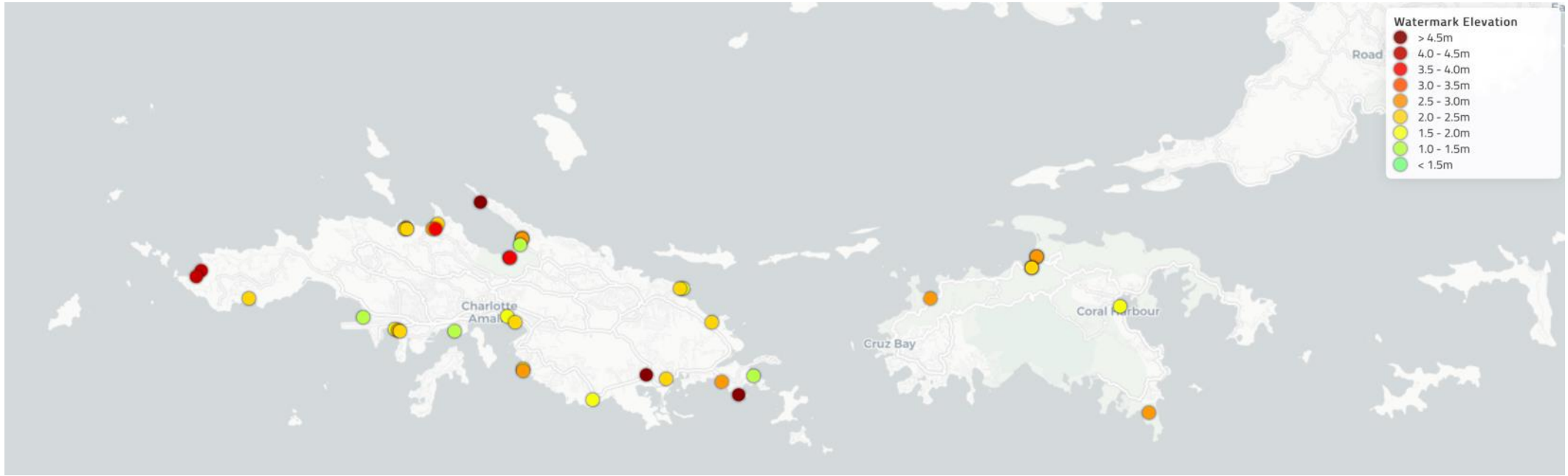
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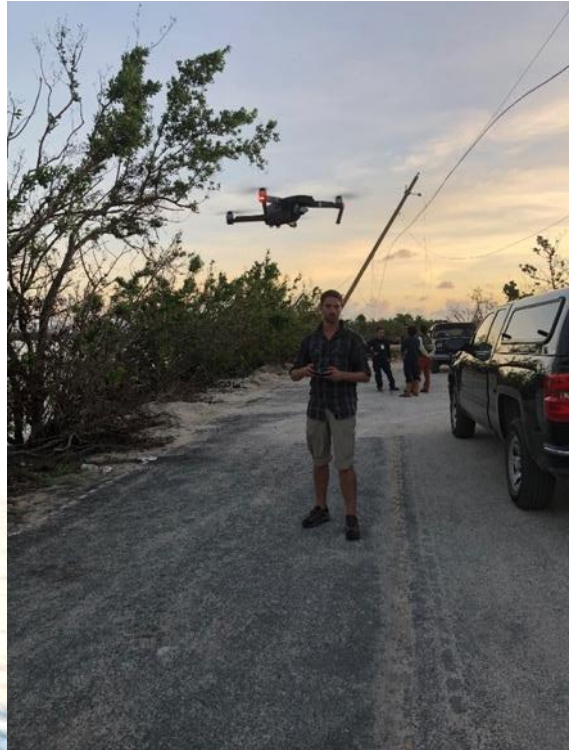
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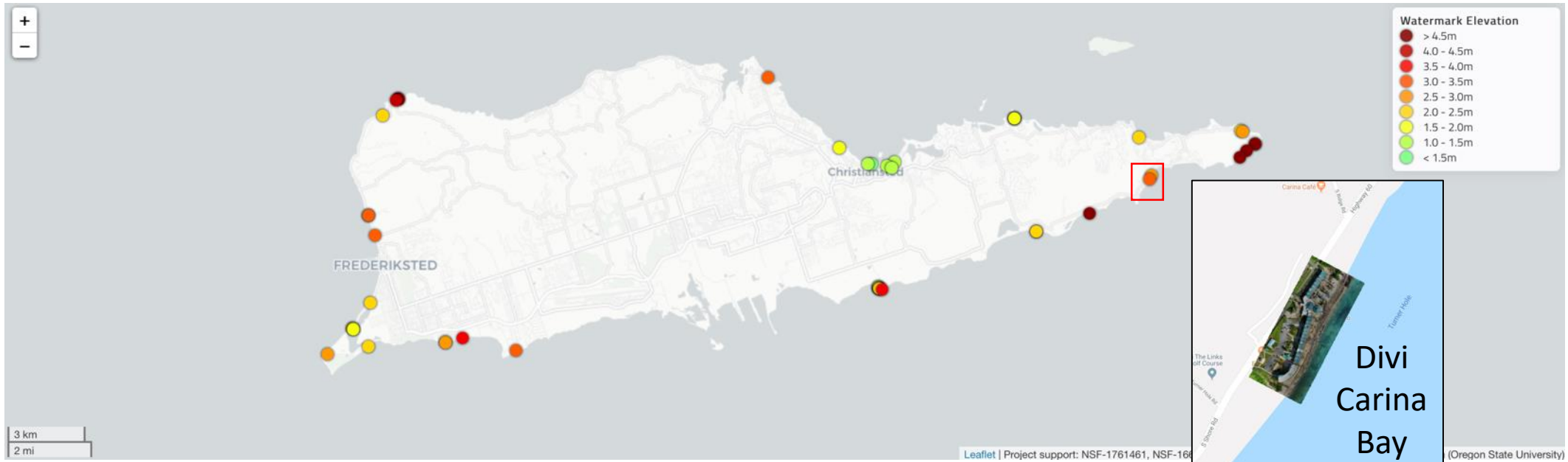
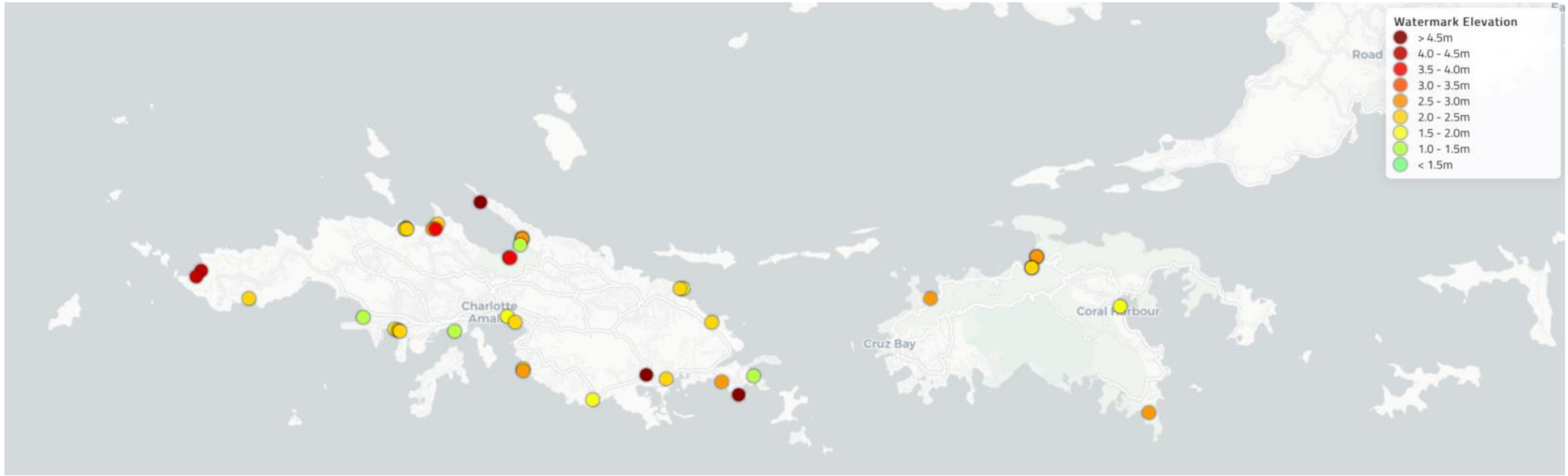
Settings

















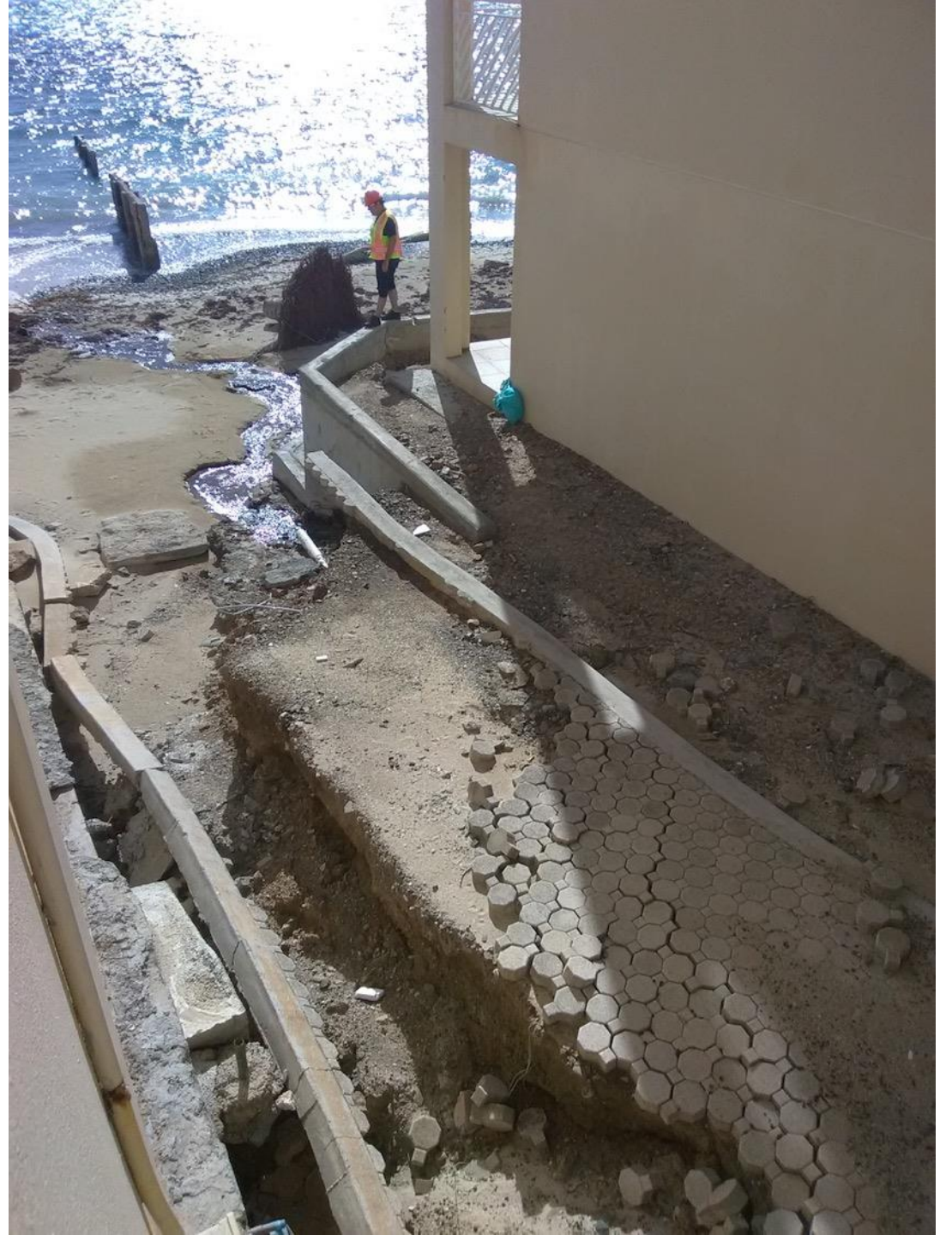


Wind Damage

Almost No Damage

Surge/Wave Damage







RAW DATA

Mapping Nadir Images	:	415	(369+46)
Mapping Oblique Images	:	855	(37+295+197+102+74+150)
Overview Images	:	15	
Overview Video	:	5	

SUMMARY

Data was acquired at Divi Carina Bay Resort on two consecutive days. The hotel was badly damaged from the storm, and the acquisition was performed with the goal of generating a high resolution 3D model and capturing the structural damage to the building. Multiple nadir and oblique flights were performed in an effort to capture data from all sides of the building. Note that the videos at this location were causing the drone to overheat, and are therefore limited in duration, unfortunately.





Divi Carina Bay Resort, St. Croix, USVI. November 13, 2017
Data collection performed by Oregon State University following 2017 Hurricane Irma
Maria.
Project support: NSF-1761461, NSF-1661315



Appearance

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Field of View: 60

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Point Sizing

Fixed

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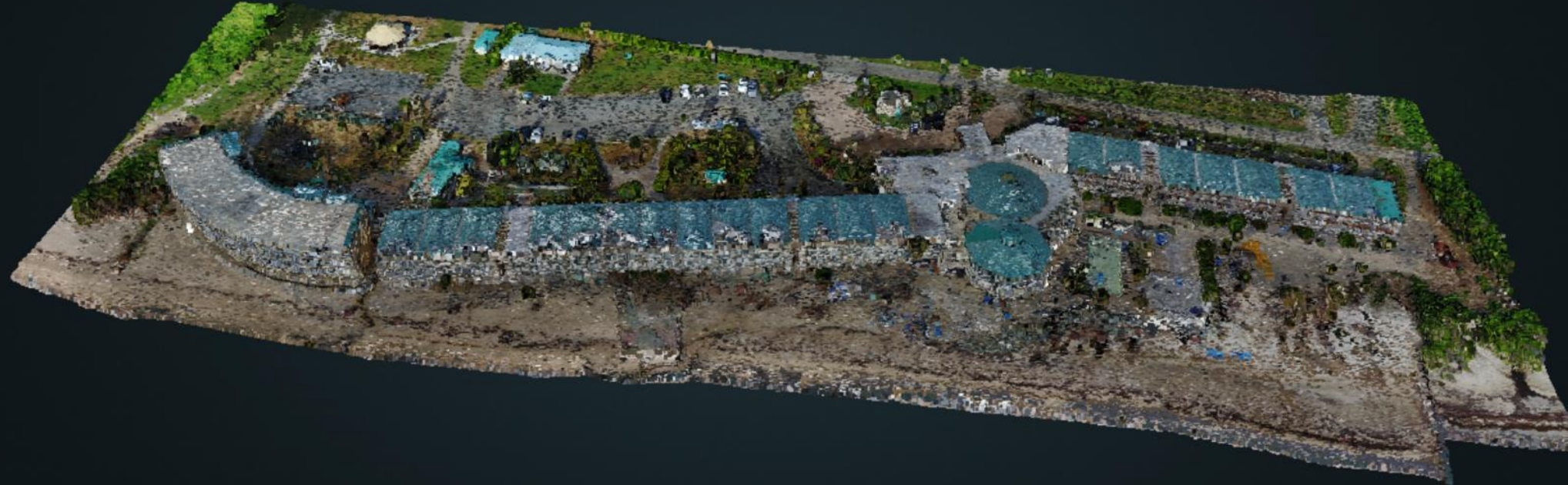
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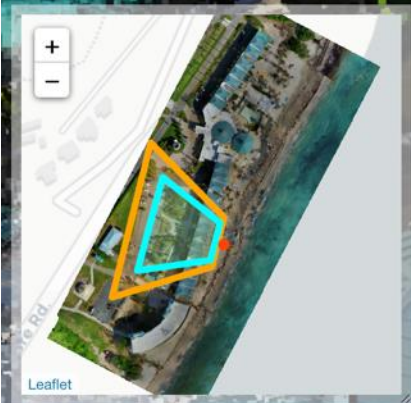
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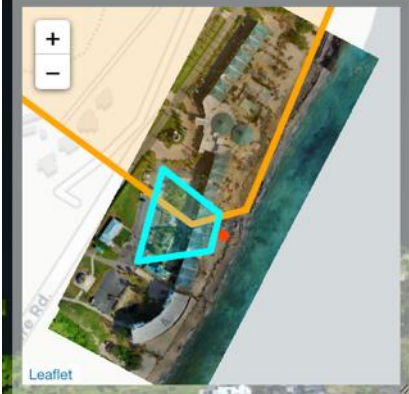
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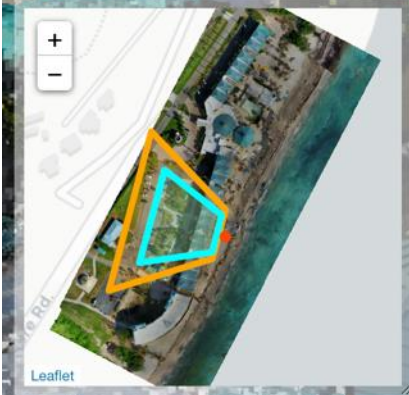
About





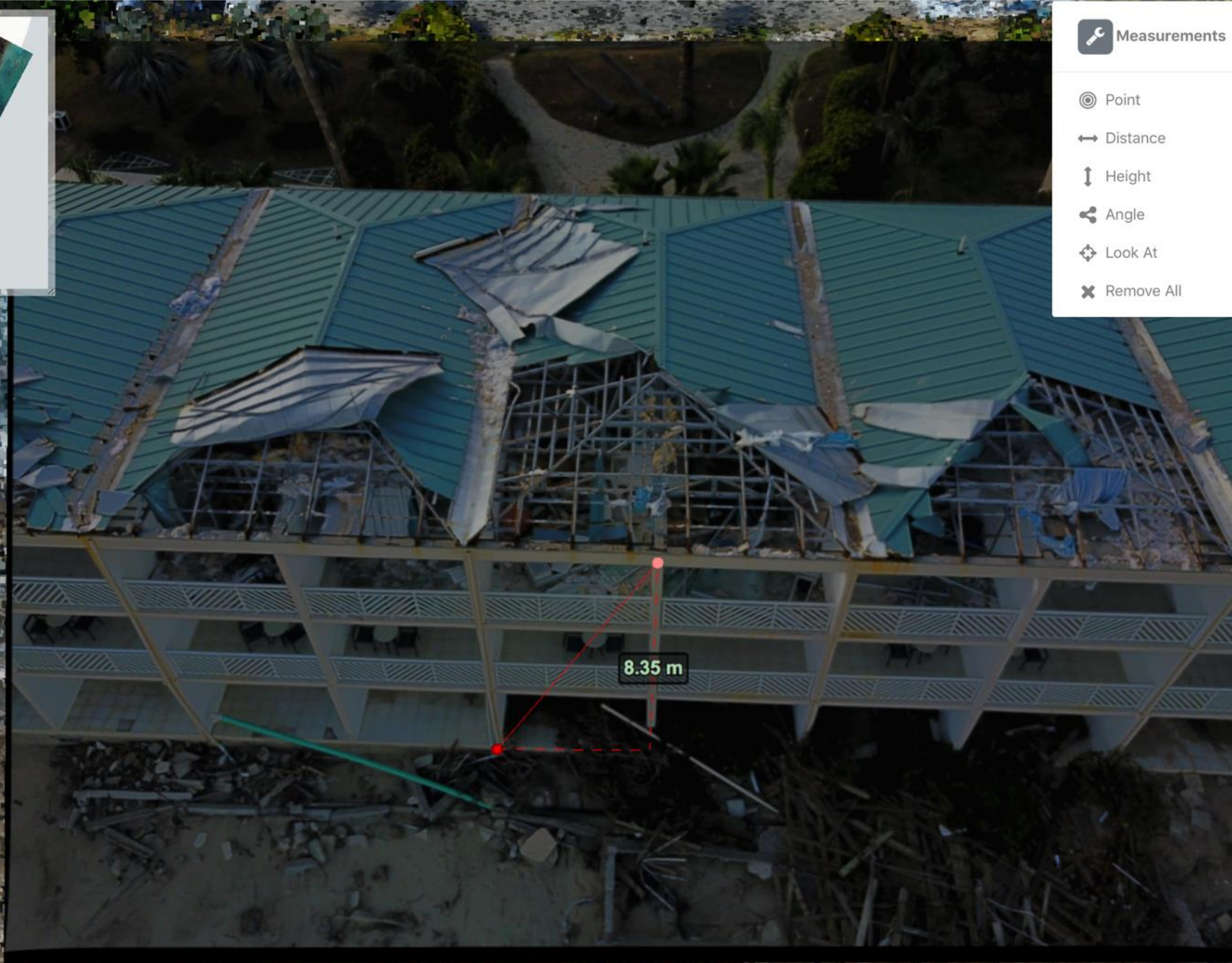






Measurements

- 📍 Point
- ↔ Distance
- ↕ Height
- 📐 Angle
- 👁 Look At
- ✖ Remove All



Drone Accuracy

- ❖ Qualitative UAS data can be acquired relatively quickly
- ❖ Quantitative UAS data acquisition takes more time, and requires a survey with Ground Control Points
 - Improved scale
 - Improved orientation
 - Enables repeat surveys for change detection

Drone Legality / Safety

- ❖ If in the United States, follow FAA Part 107 rules
 - Class G airspace (away from airports)
 - Not over unwilling participants
 - Remain within Line of Sight
- ❖ If outside of US
 - Depends on the county
- ❖ Disaster areas can require special clearance
 - Safety issue to avoid any low flying helicopters

Summary

❖ Overall Goals

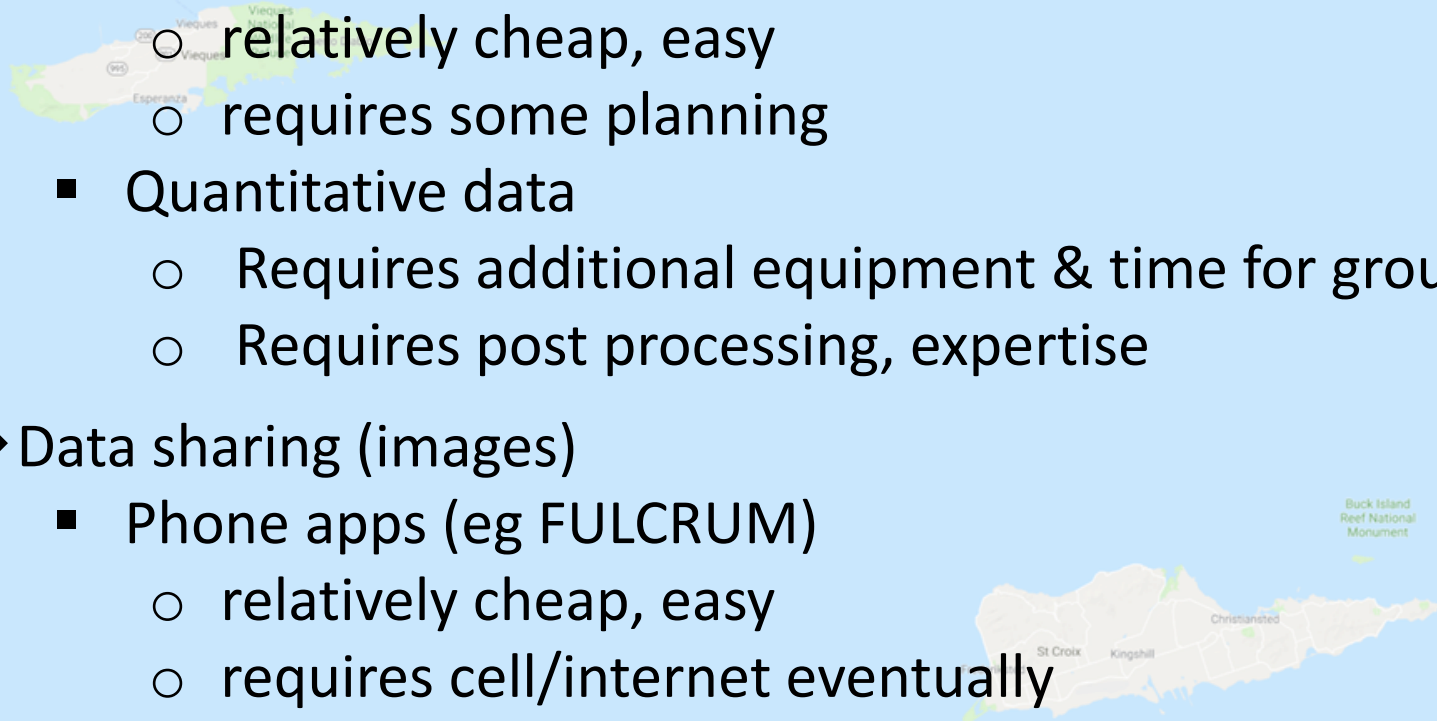
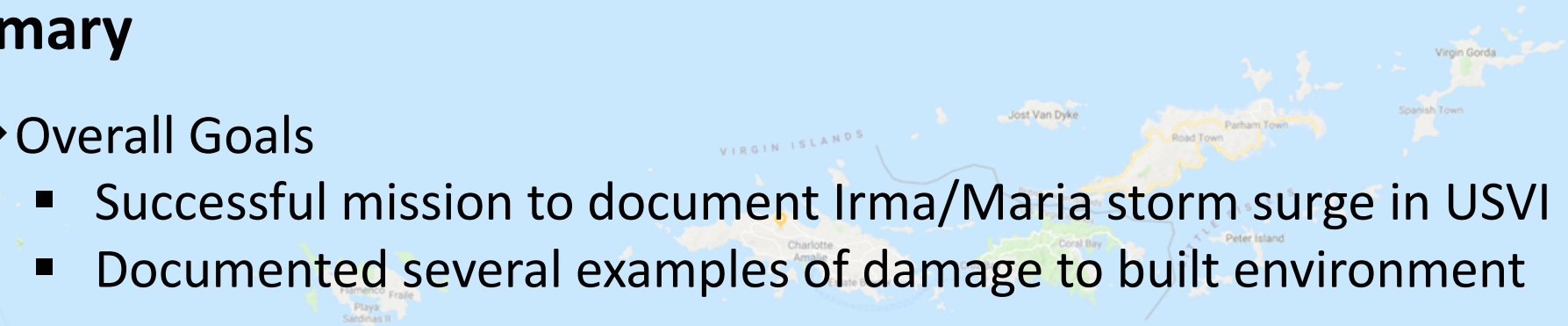
- Successful mission to document Irma/Maria storm surge in USVI
- Documented several examples of damage to built environment

❖ Drone survey data

- Qualitative data
 - relatively cheap, easy
 - requires some planning
- Quantitative data
 - Requires additional equipment & time for ground control points
 - Requires post processing, expertise

❖ Data sharing (images)

- Phone apps (eg FULCRUM)
 - relatively cheap, easy
 - requires cell/internet eventually
 - Excellent for short metadata description, geolocation



Thank you!



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