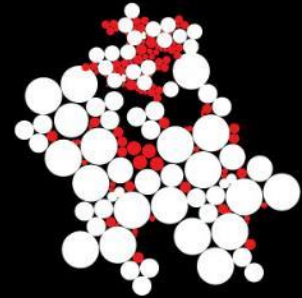


MODELLING WAVE OVERTOPPING FOR FLOOD DEFENCE RELIABILITY: THE OUTLINE OF A RESEARCH PROJECT

JORD J. WARMINK, VERA M. VAN BERGEIJK, WEIQIU CHEN,
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DEPARTMENT MARINE & FLUVIAL SYSTEMS, UNIVERSITY OF TWENTE, NL.





MODELLING WAVE OVERTOPPING FOR EMBANKMENT STABILITY: PRELIMINARY RESULTS OF A RESEARCH PROJECT

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DEPARTMENT MARINE & FLUVIAL SYSTEMS, UNIVERSITY OF TWENTE, NL.



INTRODUCTION

GRASS COVERED EMBANKMENTS

- Present worldwide
- Grass cover is first layer of protection against wave overtopping



Grass covered levee breach (© CA dept. Water Resources)



Flower-rich dike vegetation (© Cyril Liebrand)

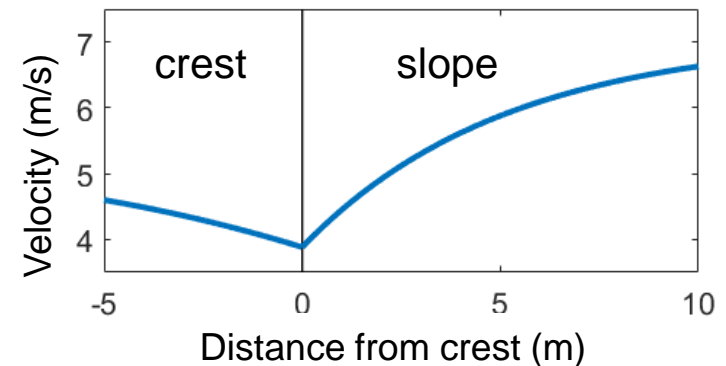
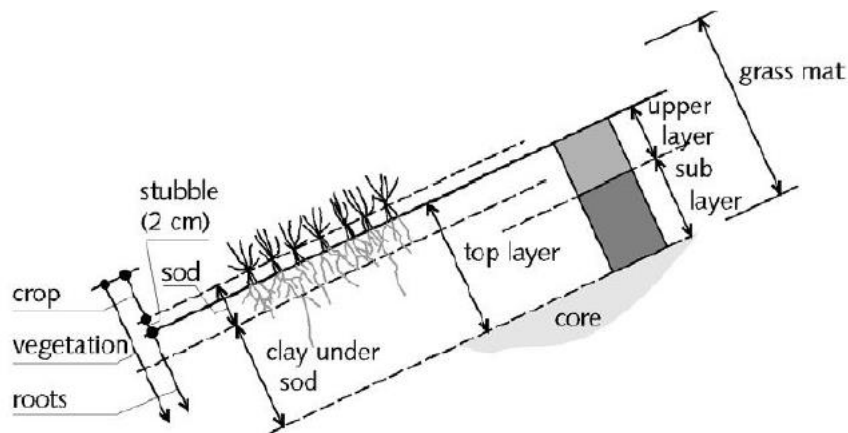
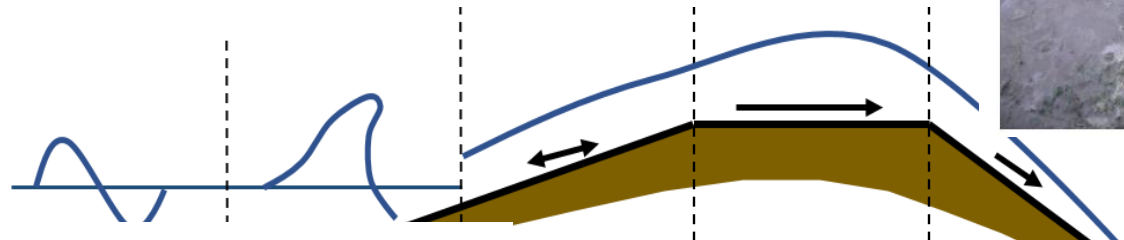


Grass covered levee, Arkansas (© FEMA)

INTRODUCTION

EROSION OF GRASS COVERED EMBANKMENTS

- Erosion of grass cover initiated by overtopping flow (crest & land-side slope)
- Failure of top-layer
 - Rooted upper-layer & substrate sub-layer



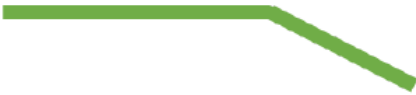



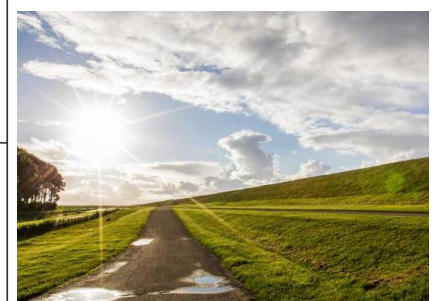
INTRODUCTION

EROSION OF GRASS COVERED EMBANKMENTS

Objectives:

- Study the effect of transitions in embankment covers on wave overtopping flow and erosion for dike stability
- Simulate embankment-cover erosion & wave overtopping flow

Transition type	Model parameter	Examples	
Cover type	Friction coefficient f_F	High \rightarrow low	
		Low \rightarrow high	
Inclination	Slope angle φ	Convex	
		Concave	



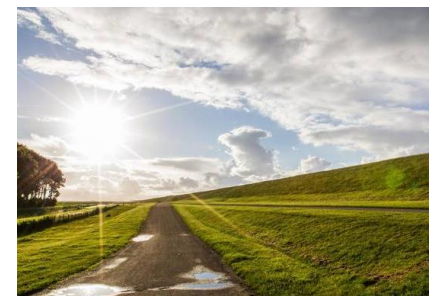
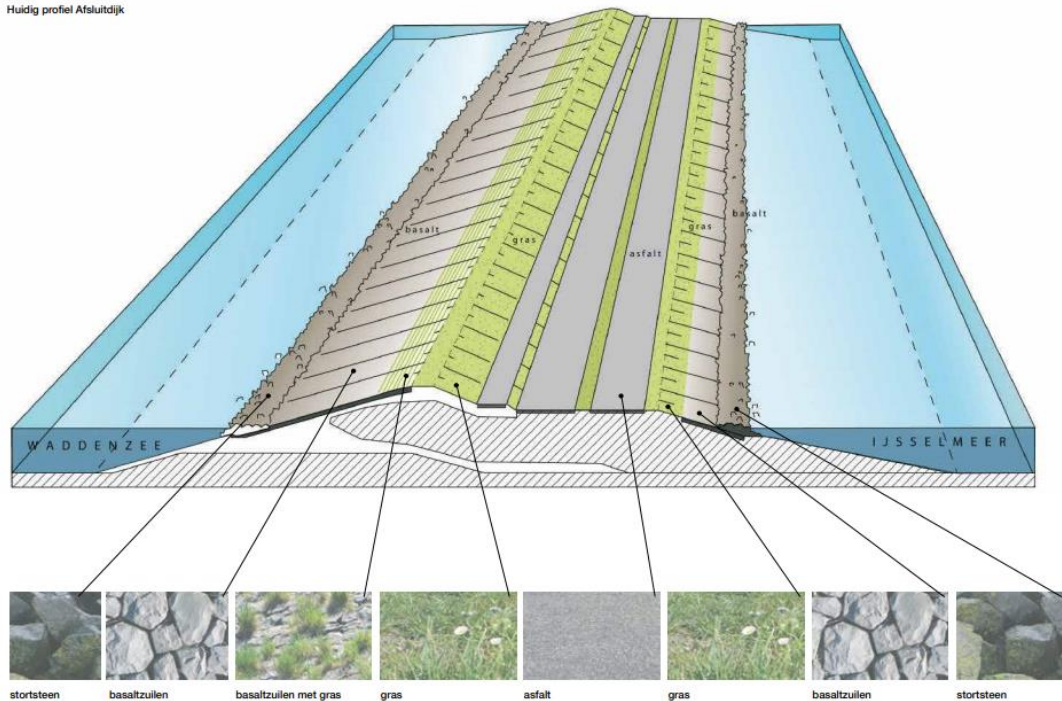
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Huidig profiel Afsluitdijk





INTRODUCTION

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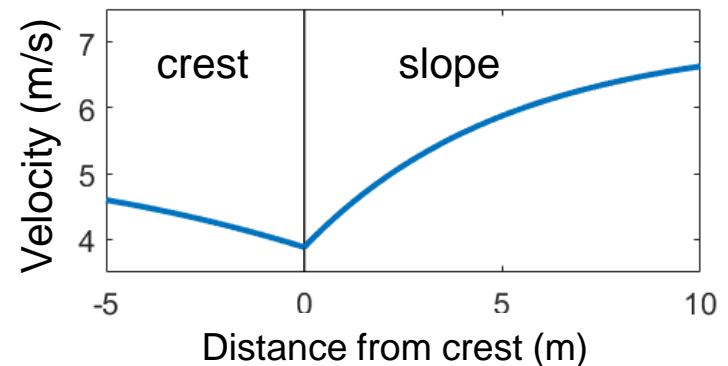
- Study the effect of transitions in embankment covers on wave overtopping flow and erosion for dike stability
- Simulate embankment-cover erosion & wave overtopping flow
- Outline of this talk:
 1. Idealized model of wave overtopping flow
 2. Detailed numerical model results
 3. Ongoing and further work



METHOD 1

IDEALISED MODEL (PHD: VERA VAN BERGEIJK, V.M.VANBERGEIJK@UTWENTE.NL)

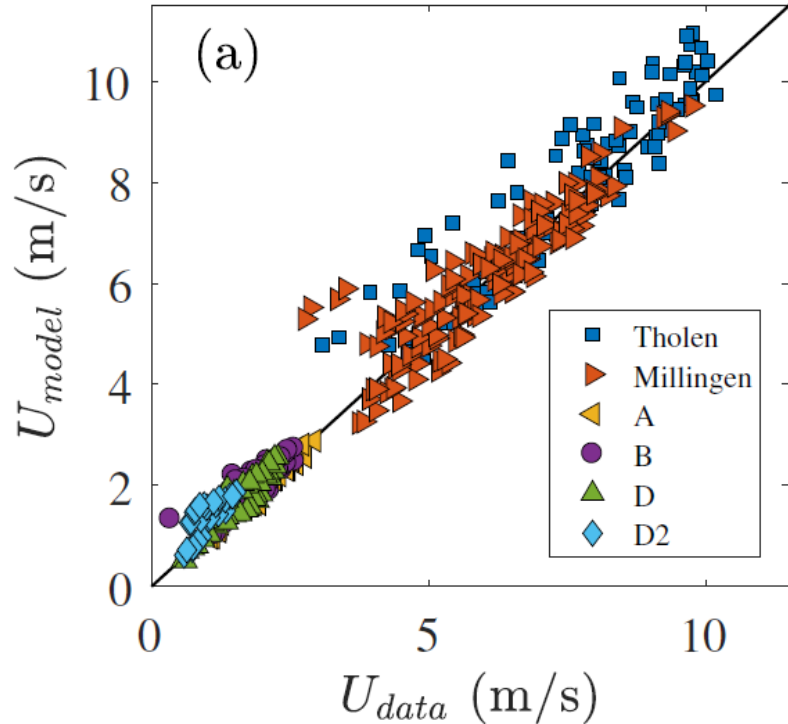
- Simple analytical model based on Van Gent (2002) and Schuttrumpf & Oumeraci (2005).
- INPUT: Flow velocity (u_0 ; 2%) and Layer thickness (h_0 ; 2%) at seaward point of crest.
- OUTPUT: Flow velocity $u(x)$ and layer thickness $h(x)$ along crest and landward slope.
- Assume continuity of discharge
- Vary slope and roughness



METHOD 1

IDEALISED MODEL (PHD: VERA VAN BERGEIJK, V.M.VANBERGEIJK@UTWENTE.NL)

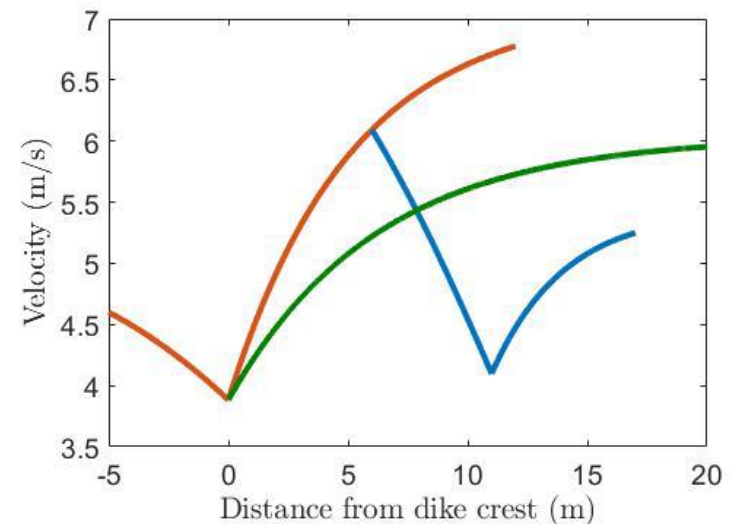
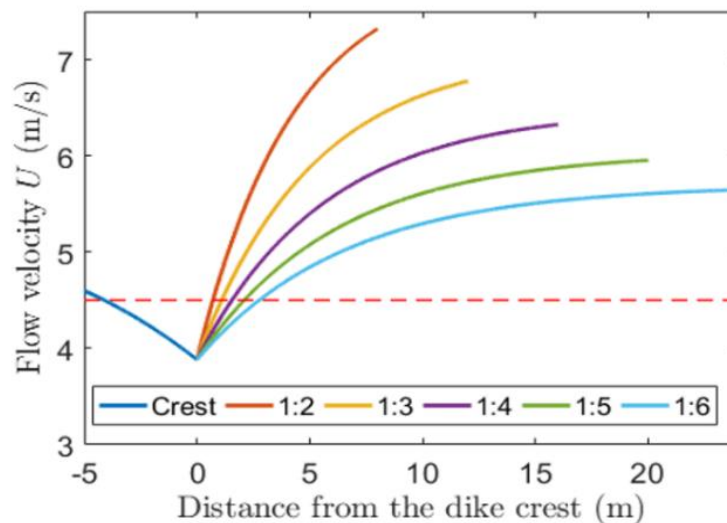
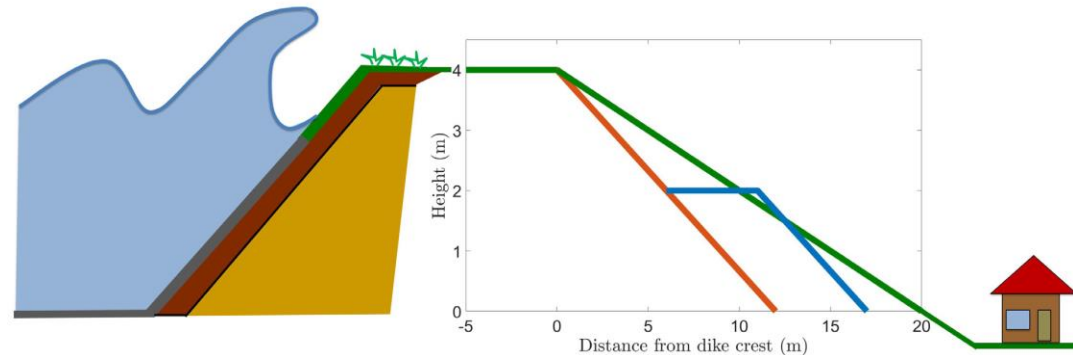
- Simple analytical model based on Van Gent (2002) and Schuttrumpf & Oumeraci (2005).
- INPUT: Flow velocity ($u_0; 2\%$) at point of crest.
- OUTPUT: Flow velocity $u(x)$ on landward slope.
- Assume continuity of discharge
- Model validated for 500 flume/field observations



METHOD 1

IDEALISED MODEL (PHD: VERA VAN BERGEIJK, V.M.VANBERGEIJK@UTWENTE.NL)

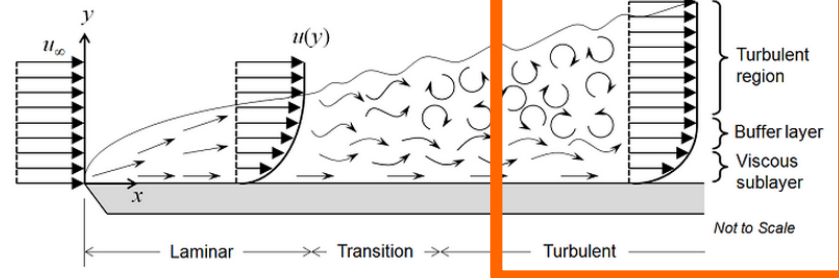
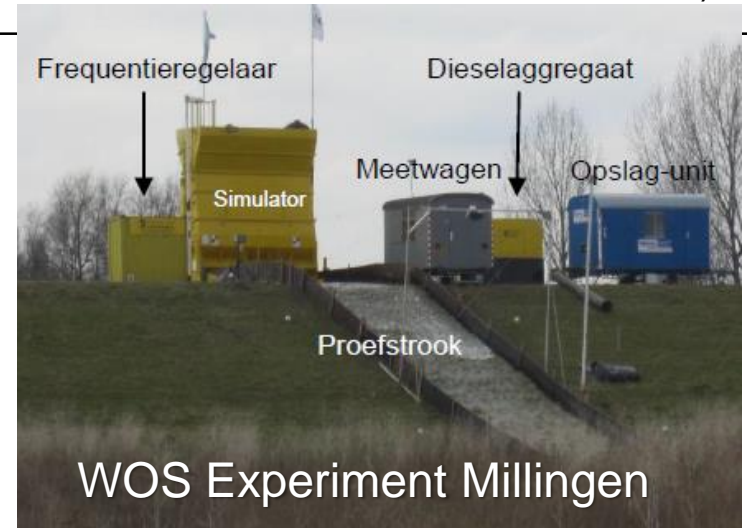
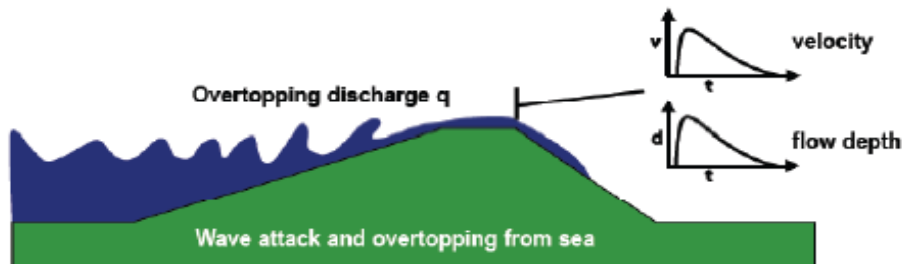
- Simulate velocity along crest and slope
- Screening tool for effects of shape and roughness of slope



METHOD 2

NUMERICAL HYDRODYNAMIC MODEL (BOMERS ET AL. 2018; AGUILAR ET AL. 2018)

- Setting-up the model



- CFD finite element model
- 2-phase flow: RANS (k-epsilon)

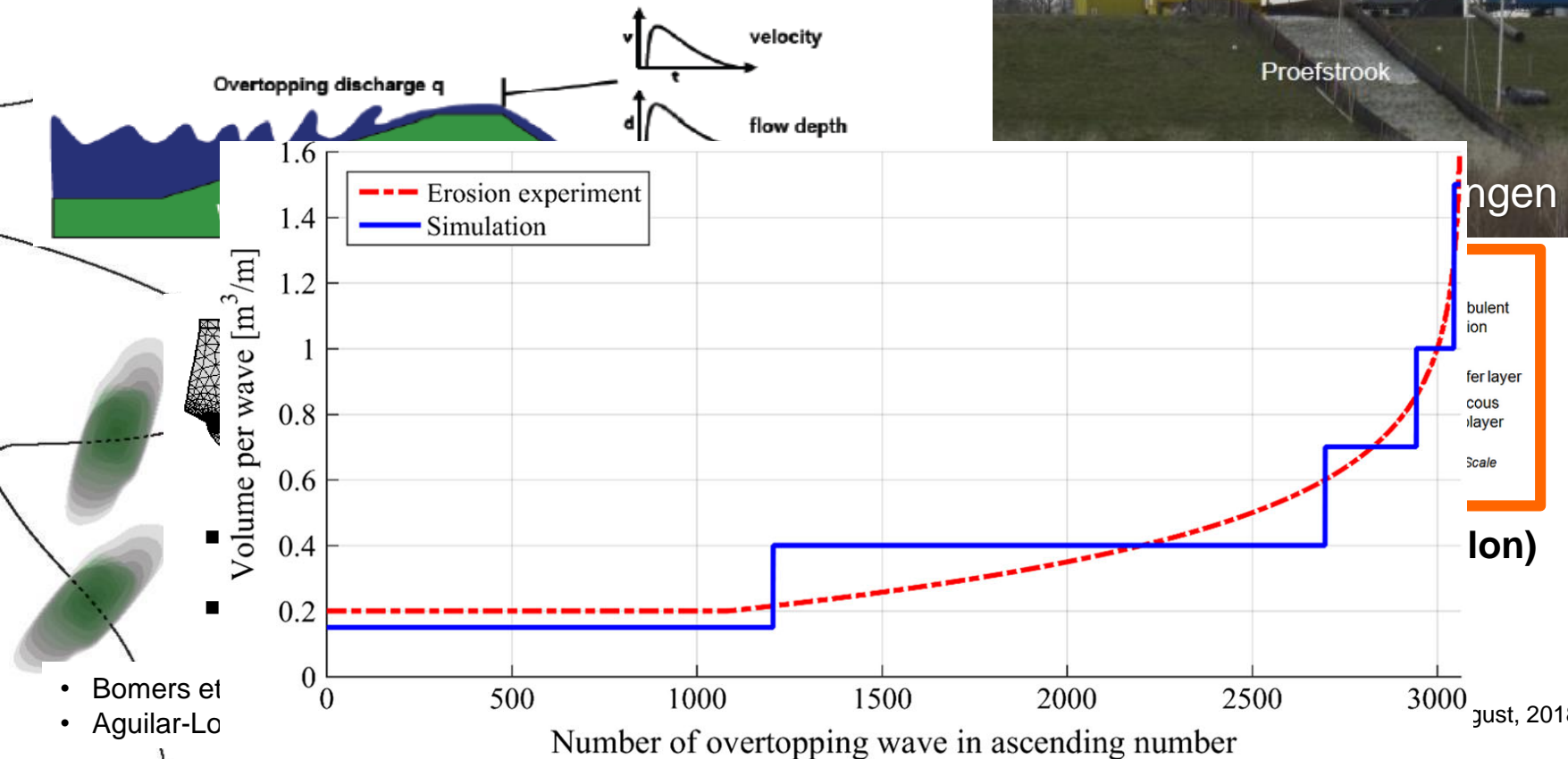
RANS (K-epsilon)

- Bomers et al. (2018): Nat Hazards 93:1. DOI: 10.1007/s11069-018-3287-y
- Aguilar-Lopez et al. (2018): J. Mar. Sci. Eng. 6:74; DOI: 10.3390/jmse6030074

METHOD 2

NUMERICAL HYDRODYNAMIC MODEL (BOMERS ET AL. 2018; AGUILAR ET AL. 2018)

- Input 5 volumes/waves



- Bomers et
- Aguilar-Lo

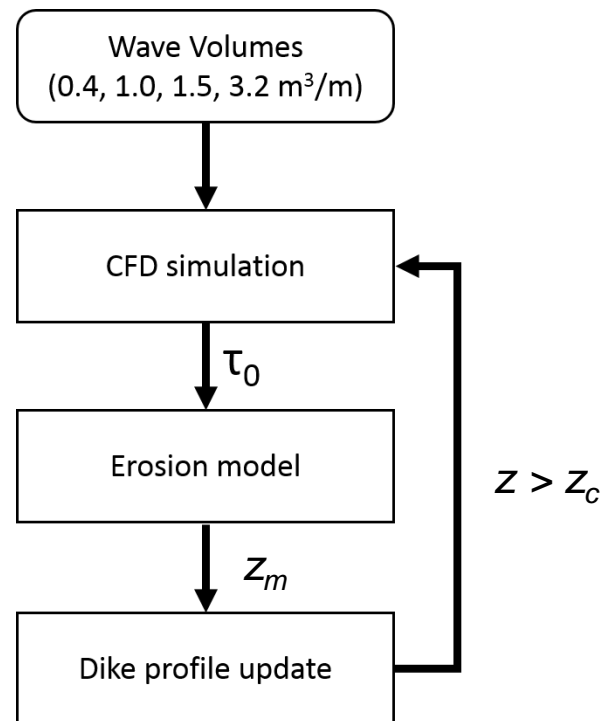
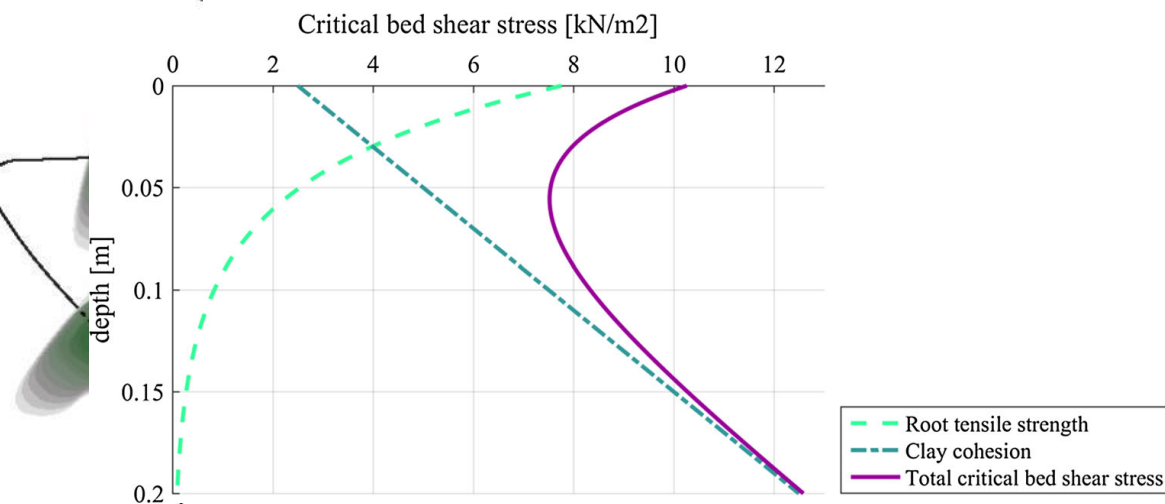
METHOD 2

HYDRODYNAMIC-EROSION MODEL (BOMERS ET AL. 2018; AGUILAR ET AL. 2018)

- Erosion model based on shear stress, τ (based on Hoffmans; Valk, 2009)
- z_m is erosion depth:

$$z_m(x, t, d) = - \frac{[\omega \tau_0(x, t) - \tau_c(d)] T_0(x, t)}{E_{soil}(d)}$$

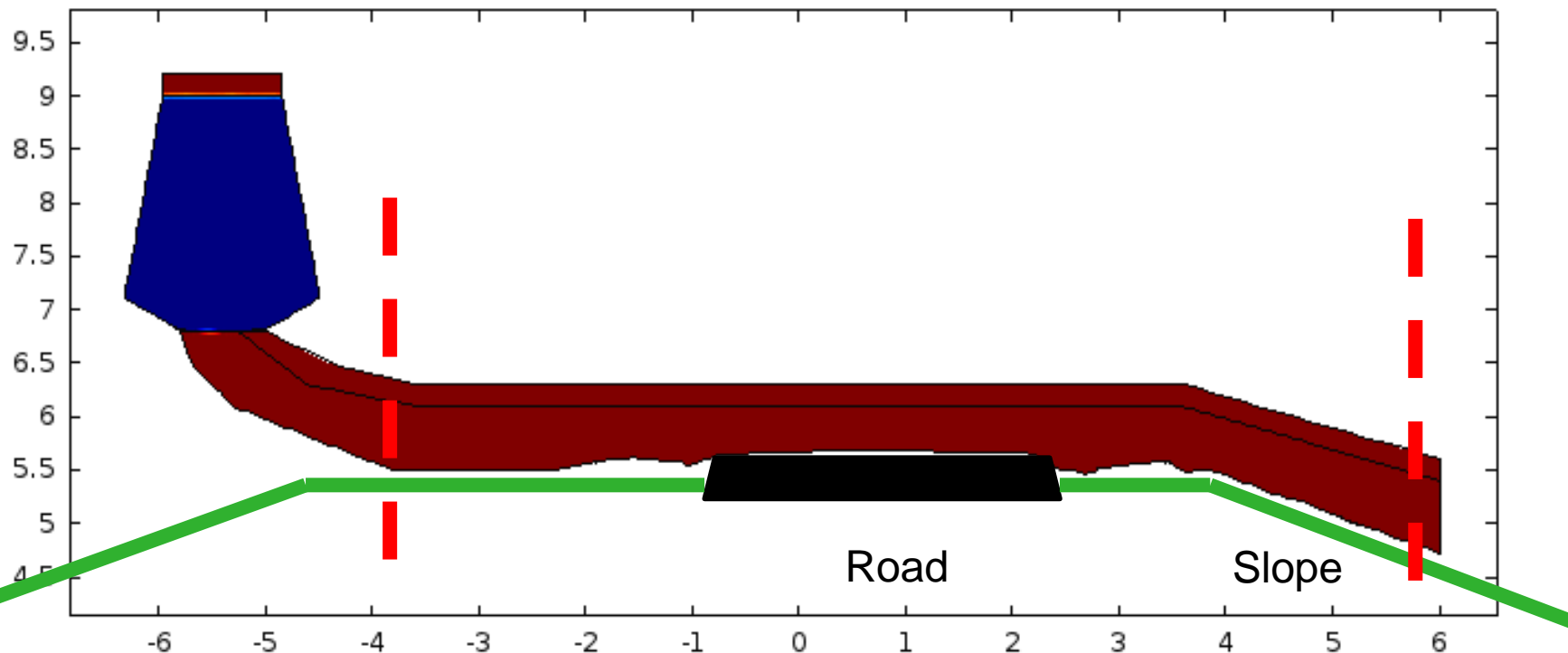
T_0 : overtopping time
 ω : turbulence factor
 E_{soil} : strength parameter



RESULTS NUMERICAL MODEL

HYDRODYNAMIC MODEL

- Real scale model (U_{\max} 6m/s; $Fr = 2 - 10$ [-])
- Shows realistic flow field, needs validation



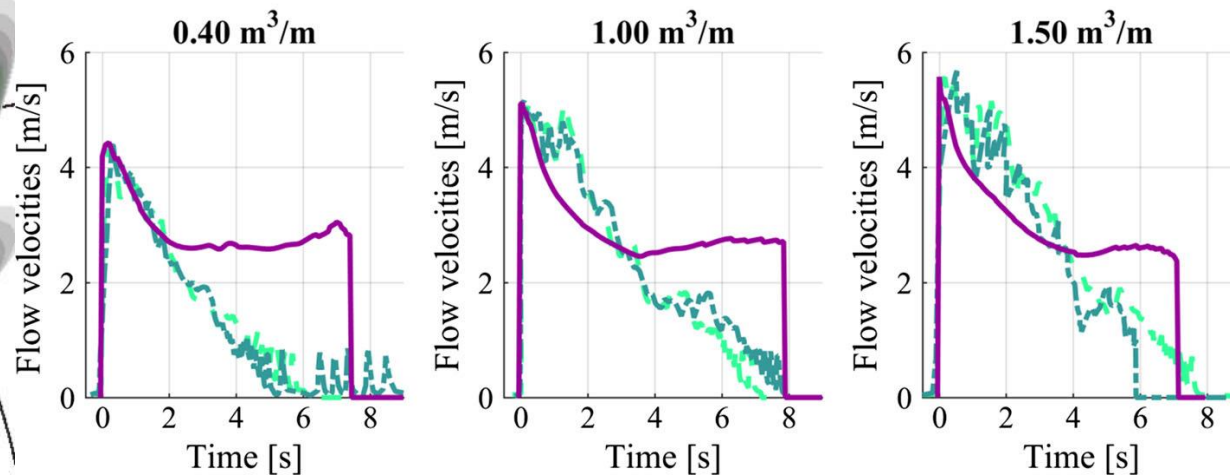
RESULTS NUMERICAL MODEL

VALIDATION HYDRODYNAMIC MODEL

- Velocity (u) and depth (h) measurements at crest and top slope

V_{wave} (m^3/m)	Location outlet				Location slope			
	u_{obs}	u_{sim}	h_{obs}	h_{sim}	u_{obs}	u_{sim}	h_{obs}	h_{sim}
0.4	3.4	3.0	0.13	0.1	4.5	4.4	0.02	0.03
1.0	4.6	3.8	0.18	0.16	5.1	5.1	0.06	0.10
1.5	4.8	4.1	0.20	0.19	5.6	5.6	0.10	0.13

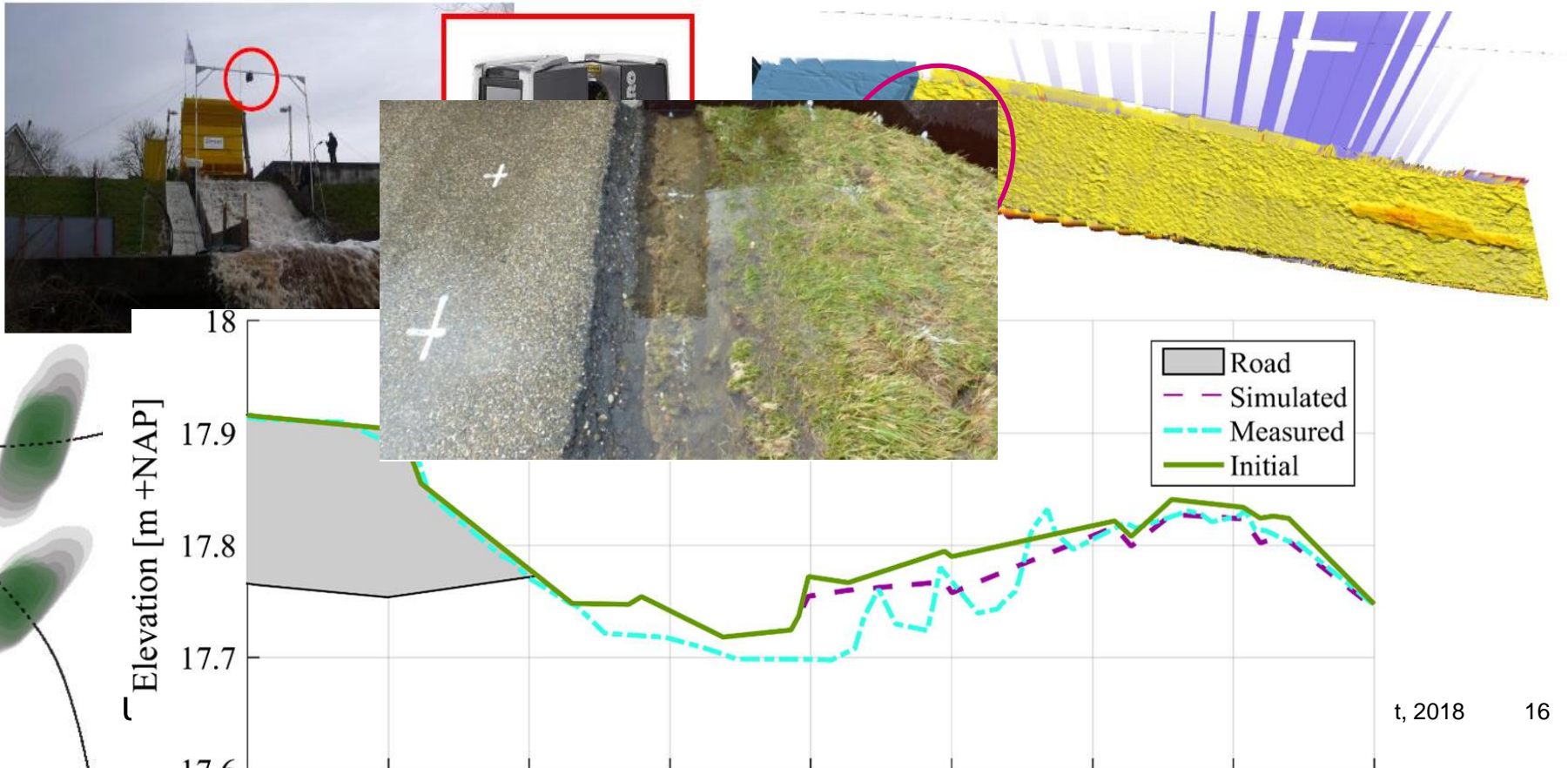
— Measured velocities 1
- - Measured velocities 2
— Simulated velocities



RESULTS NUMERICAL MODEL

VALIDATION COUPLED HYDRODYNAMIC-EROSION MODEL

- Erosion depth validation of landward slope

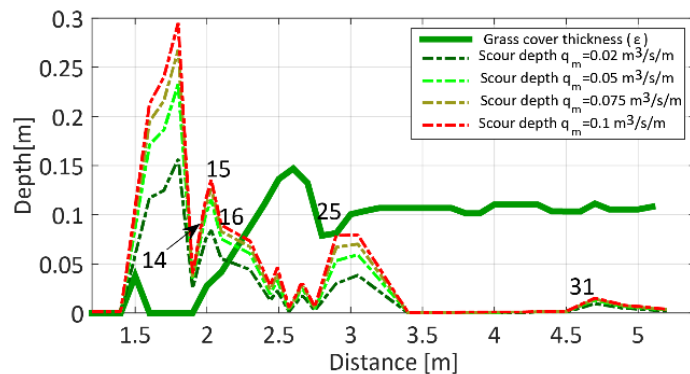
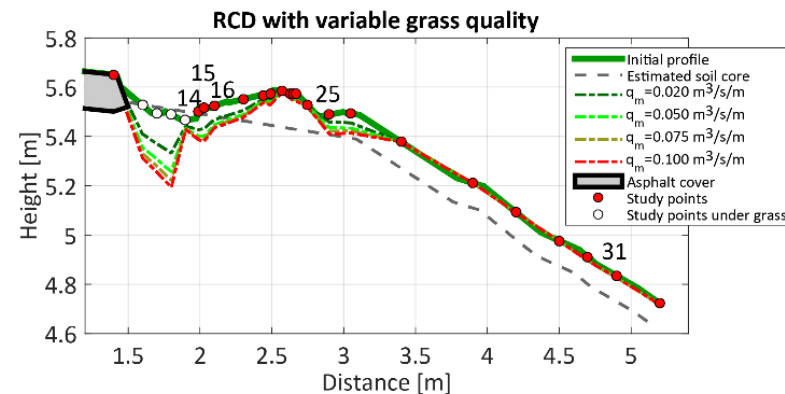


RESULTS NUMERICAL MODEL

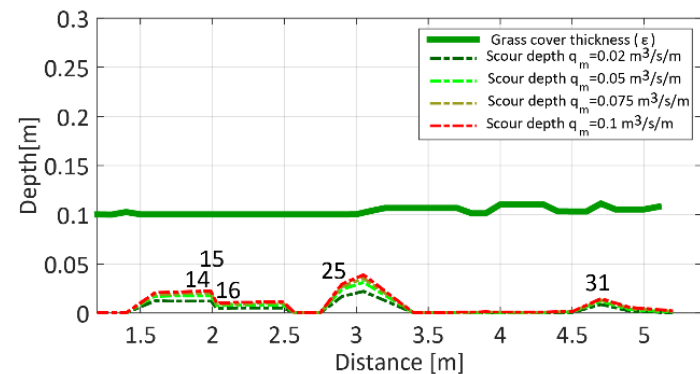
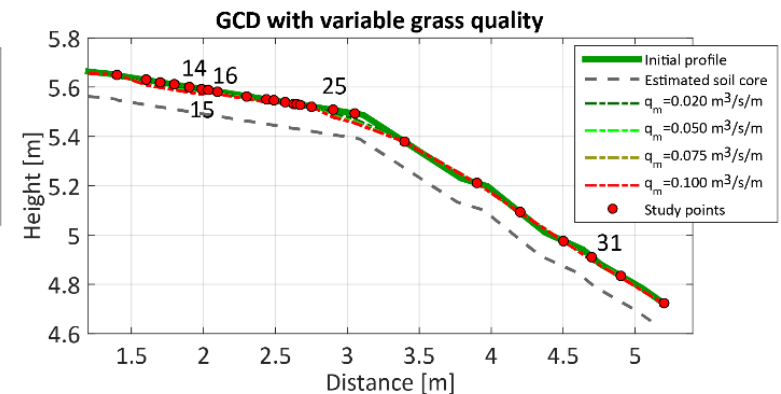
APPLICATION: EFFECT OF A ROAD ON EMBANKMENT COVER EROSION

- A road changes the location of maximum erosion

With road



Without road



DISCUSSION AND FUTURE WORK

EFFECT OF TRANSITIONS ON EMBANKMENT COVER EROSION

- Numerical model is promising, but requires further validation
 - High quality flow, soil and erosion data are needed
 - More cases needed: vegetation types, soil types, transitions
- Erosion model works surprisingly well
 - But, need to include other grass/soil failure-mechanisms



Flower-rich dike vegetation (© Liebrand)

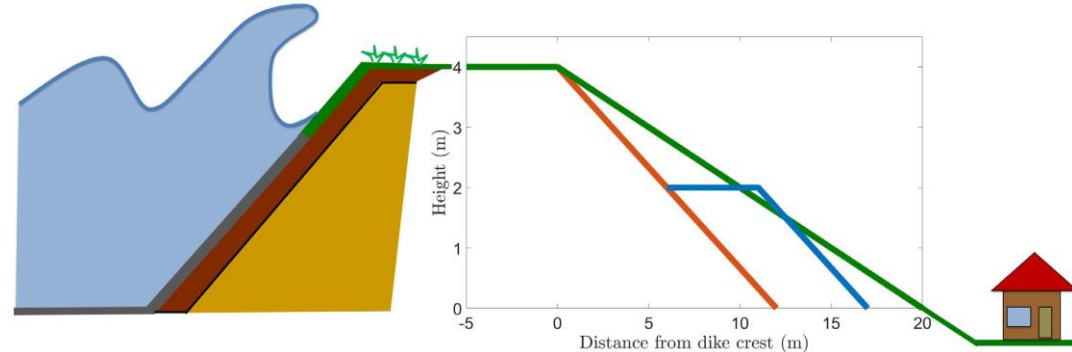


DISCUSSION AND FUTURE WORK

ONGOING RESEARCH

PhD, Vera van Bergeijk

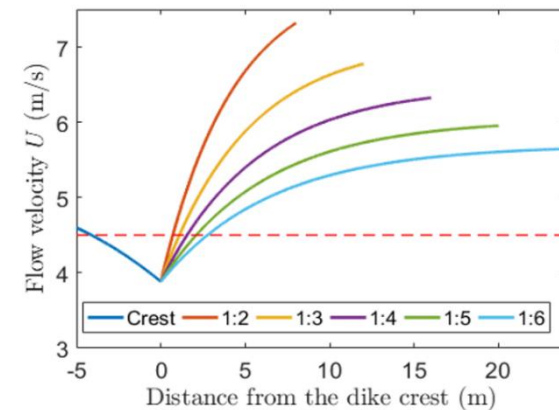
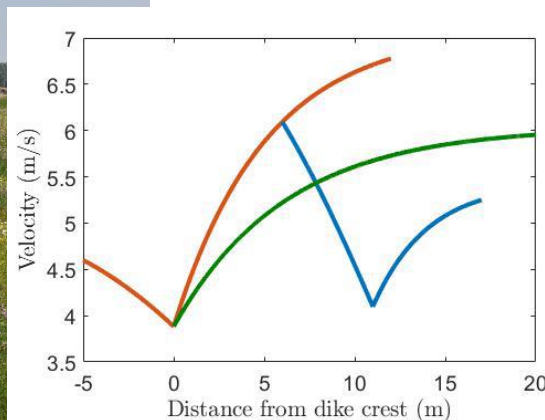
- Effect of transitions on overtopping erosion
- Develop OpenFoam detailed numerical model



Idealised model, velocity only.



Flower-rich dike vegetation (©Cyril Liebrand)

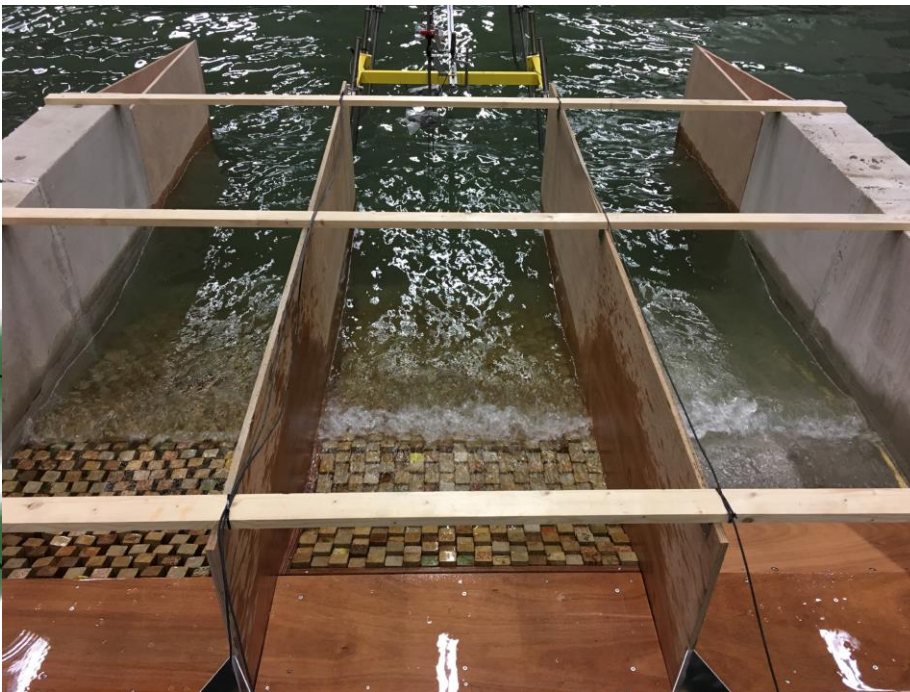


DISCUSSION AND FUTURE WORK

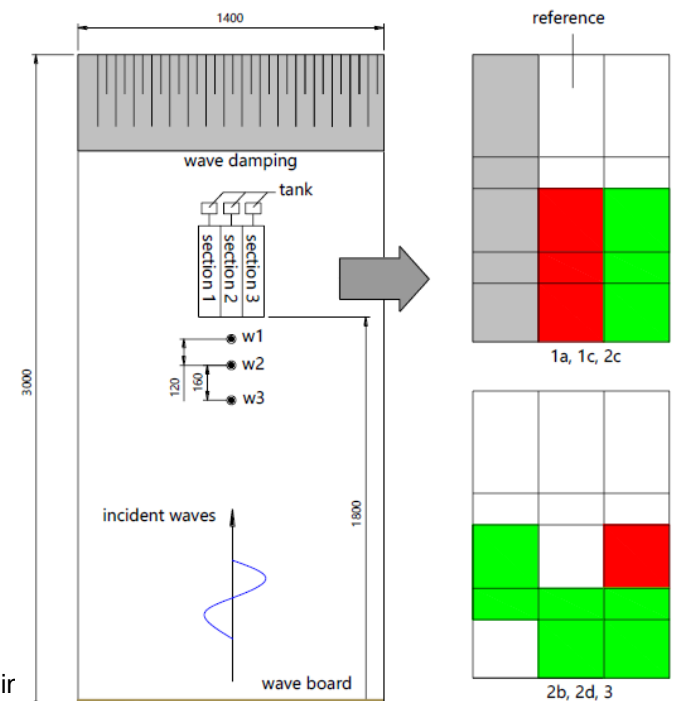
ONGOING RESEARCH

PhD, Weiqiu Chen, UTwente/Deltares (M. van Gent)

- New laboratory tests @Deltares: combined effect of roughness (γ_f) berm (γ_b) on wave overtopping discharge \rightarrow improve overtopping equation.



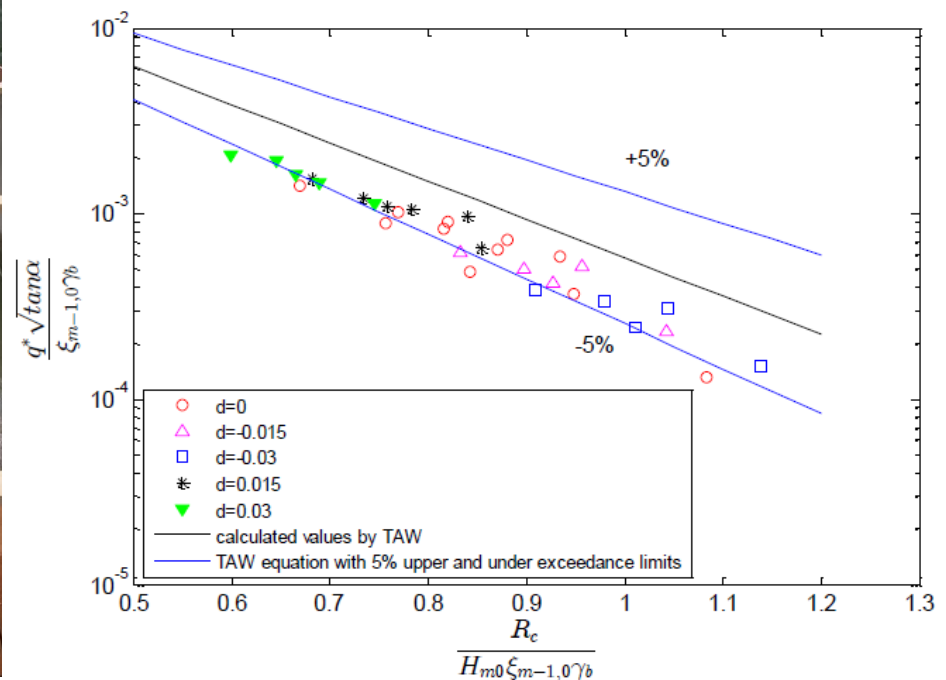
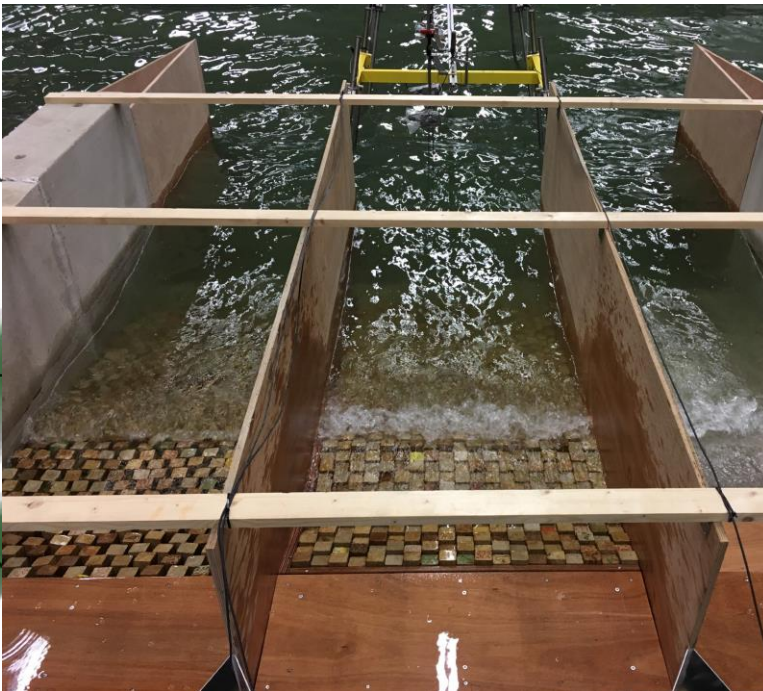
J. Warmir



DISCUSSION AND FUTURE WORK

ONGOING RESEARCH

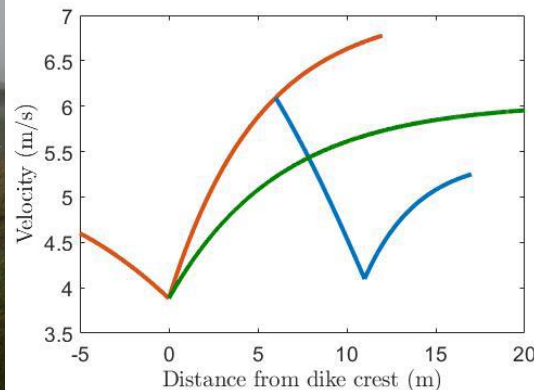
- Preliminary results show that TAW/EurOtop equation overestimates overtopping discharge
- PhD, Weiqiu Chen, UTwente/Deltares (M. van Gent)



TO CONCLUDE

MODELLING WAVE OVERTOPPING FOR EMBANKMENT STABILITY

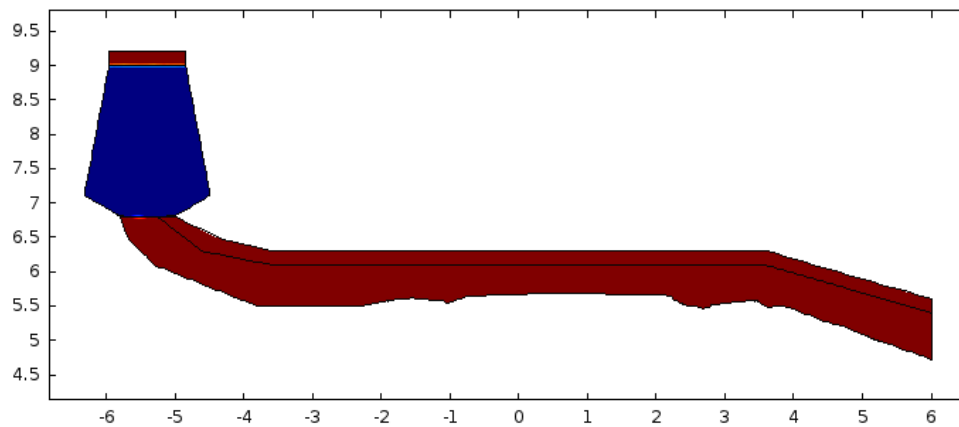
- Idealized model provides fast predictions of effect of (longitudinal) transitions
- Numerical model is able to simulate grass-cover erosion due to overtopping waves, but
- Research is ongoing, opportunities to collaborate: exchange experimental data, models, expertise.



THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION

MODELLING WAVE OVERTOPPING FOR FLOOD DEFENCE RELIABILITY

- Have a nice paper? Submit to special issue “Resilient Flood Defences” of Journal Marine Science and Engineering. Fast review guaranteed.
- http://www.mdpi.com/journal/jmse/special_issues/Resilient_Flood_Defences
- Aguilar-Lopez, J.P. Warmink, J.J. et al. (2018). Failure of grass covered flood defences due to wave overtopping. J. Mar.Sci.Eng. <https://doi.org/10.3390/jmse6030074>
- Bomers, A., Aguilar Lopez, J.P., Warmink, J.J. et al. Modelling effects of an asphalt road at a dike crest on dike cover erosion onset during wave overtopping Nat Hazards (2018). <https://doi.org/10.1007/s11069-018-3287-y>



Many thanks to:

Anouk Bomers, Juan-Pablo Aguilar-Lopez, Marcel van Gent, Jentsje van der Meer, Gosse-Jan Steendam, Roy Mom (Infram), Andre van Hoven (Deltares)