

36TH INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE ON COASTAL ENGINEERING 2018

Baltimore, Maryland | July 30 - August 3, 2018

The State of the Art and Science of Coastal Engineering

Albany Beach Shoreline Stabilization and Beach/Dune Nourishment



Scott W. Fenical, PE, D.CE, D.PE Coastal Practice Leader

Mott MacDonald



Chris Barton Environmental Programs Manager

East Bay Regional Park District

Coauthors:

Jeff Peters, Questa Engineering Frank Salcedo, Mott MacDonald Keith Merkel, Merkel & Associates









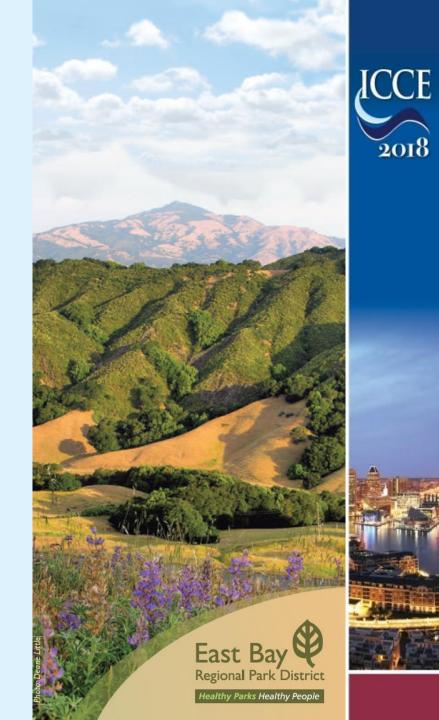


East Bay Regional Park District





- California 2-County Special District Established in 1934
- 130,000 Acres Parks/Open Space, 55 Miles of Shoreline
- 25 Million Visits Annually
- Parks have grown to preserve the best natural areas for current and future generations.
 - +2 Million New Residents since 1934
 - +700,000 by 2050







Phase 1 (\$3.3M) [COMPLETE 2016]

- Landfill repair
- Accessible shoreline trail
- Subtidal restoration and enhancement



Phase 2 (\$13.4M) [IN PROGRESS]

- Beach and dune restoration
- Prolong life of beach
- Accommodate multiple recreation uses
- Close a 1-Mile Bay Trail gap





Reasons For Building Habitat Into Shoreline Protection











- Environmental Stewardship
- Climate Change Resiliency

2. Implement Regional Plans

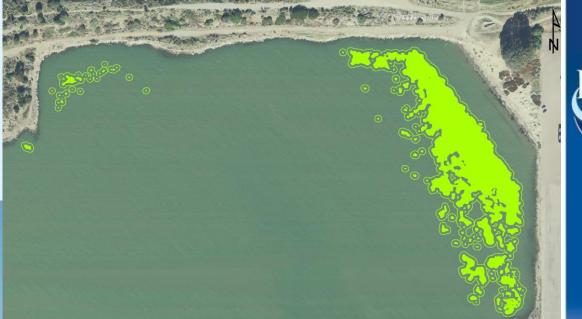
- SF Bay Subtidal Habitat Goals Report
- 3. Economies of Scale
- 4. Available Grant Funding
 - San Francisco Bay Restoration Authority (Measure AA)
 - State and Federal Grants (climate change, water quality, sustainability, green infrastructure)





Site Conditions

- Eroding landfill/rubble shoreline
- Significant eelgrass habitat
- Relatively energetic conditions

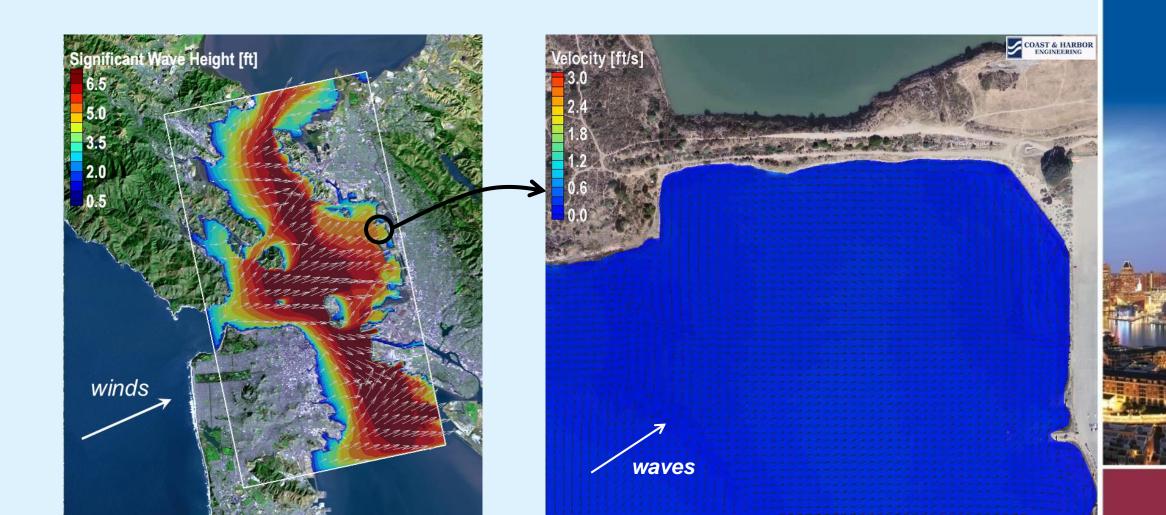






Coastal Engineering Analysis

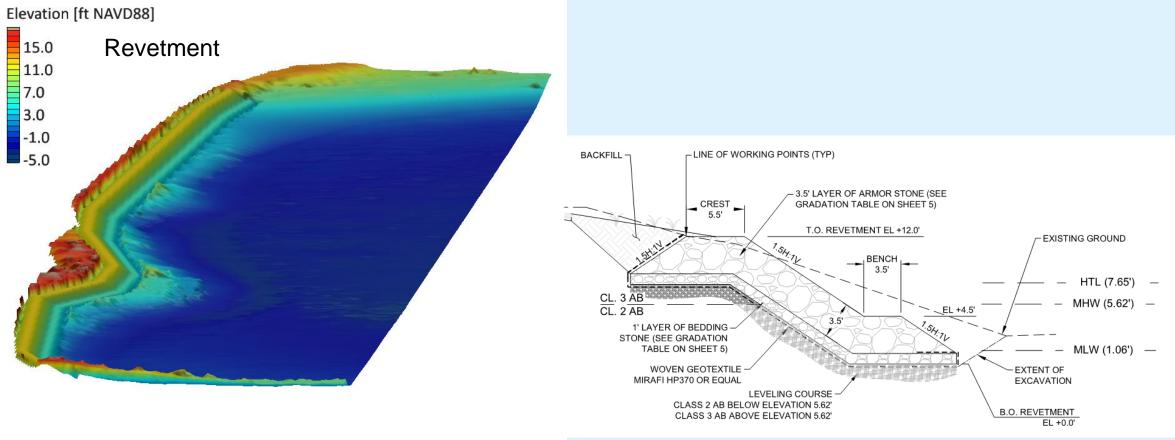
- Bay-wide wind-wave growth and transformation
- Local wave transformation, wave-generated currents, transport
- Analysis of design conditions, impacts





Shoreline Protection Design

- Steep slope to minimize volumes/impacts
- Launched toe to manage scour
- High-resolution field data resulted in accurate volumes

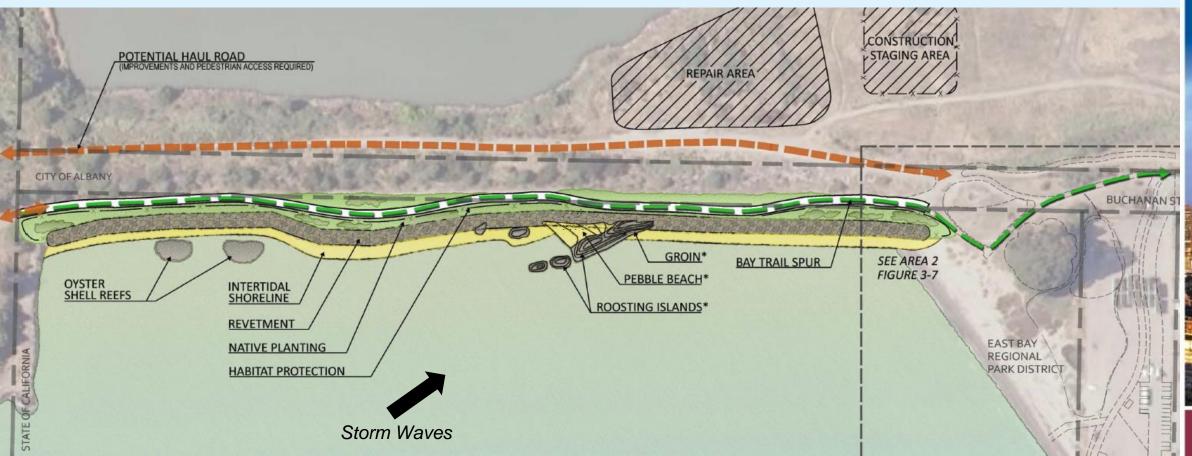






Living Shoreline Elements

- Energetic wave conditions mobile materials require containment
- "Hard living shoreline" elements developed
- Rock protection/formation for all features
- Oyster reef in more protected area, groin/islands and pebble beach in more exposed area







- Landfill erosion halted
- 12,000 tons of armor stone, 4,000 tons of bedding





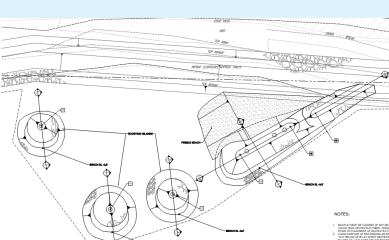
- 1,800 feet of Bay Trail improved
- Trail constructed of durable, composite resin



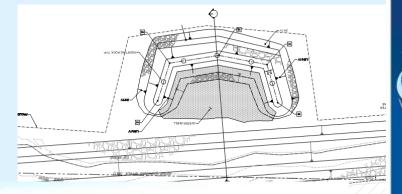
- Rocky intertidal habitat
- Rock groin for pebble beach retention
- Roosting islands as wave protection
- Public access in new area







- Rocky intertidal habitat
- Crescent oyster reef with oyster shell backfill
- Oyster colonization appears soon after construction







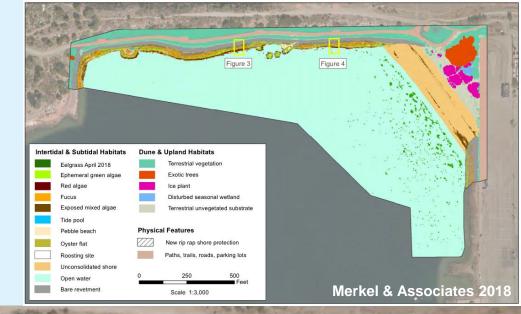






Phase 1 Monitoring (4 years later)

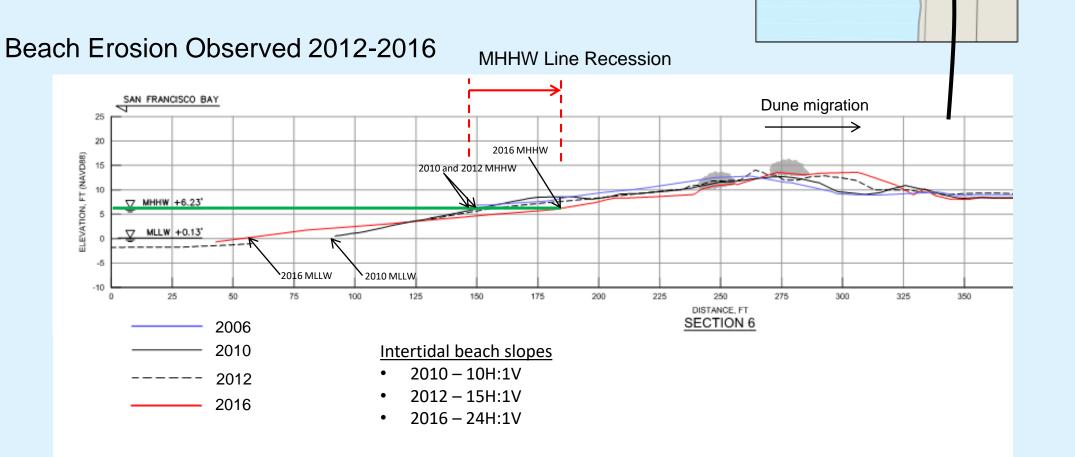
- Pebble beach stable
- Oyster reef stable
- Rocky habitat proves to be productive
- Eelgrass habitat increased
- Trail in good condition, low maintenance





Phase 2 Goals

- Accommodate multiple recreational uses
- Close a gap in the Bay Trail
- Beach and dune enhancement
- Prolong life of beach

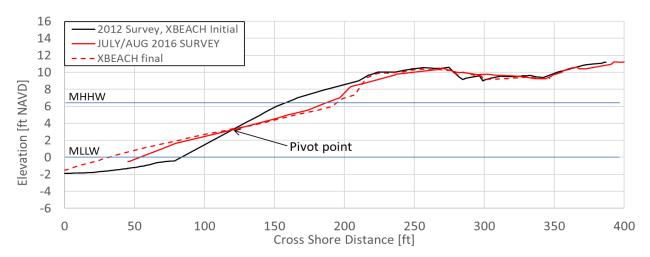


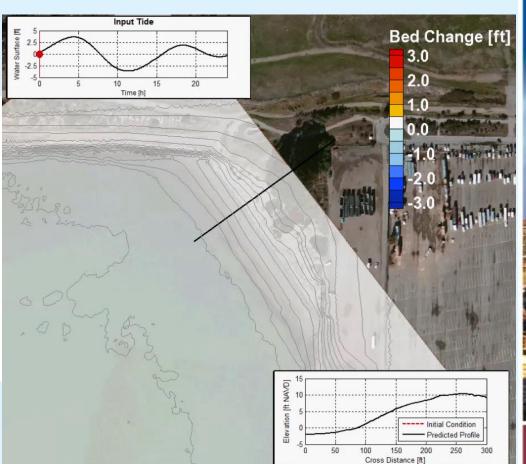




Phase 2 Analysis

- Coastal analysis performed to determine need for nourishment
- Reproduce measured recession
- "No Action" shown to result in continuing recession
- Nourishment desired



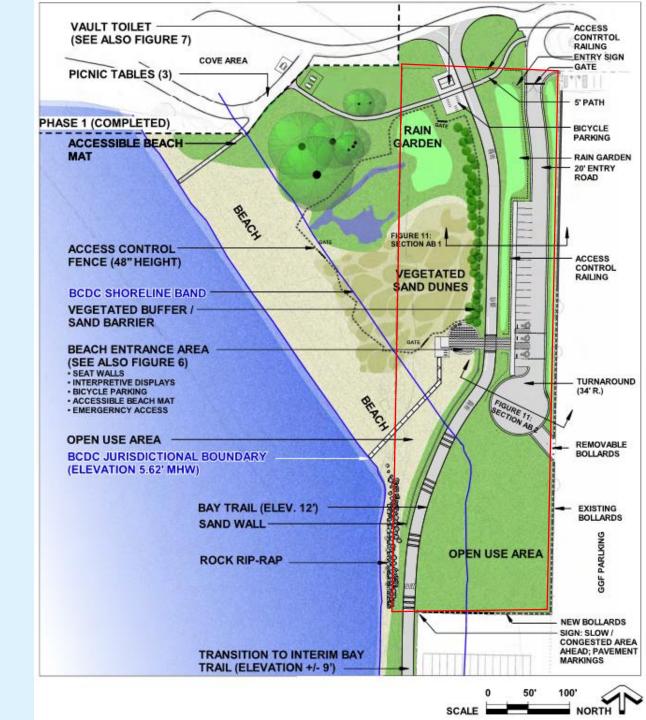






Phase 2 Concept

- Replacement of native sand with coarser imported sand above MHHW
- Re-use of native sand in dune enhancement
- Invasive species removal, dune planting with native species
- Rock berm for protection against runup/overtopping
- Expanded wetlands
- Public access improvements.



Conclusions

- Phase 1 successfully addressed erosion
- Cost-effective, accurately bid design
- Stable living shoreline elements "hard" elements still create significant habitat
- Significant public access and educational improvements, proved extremely popular
- Phase 2 to provide significant increase in beach stability, long-term access.
- Phase 2 construction underway.



Questions?







36TH INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE ON COASTAL ENGINEERING 2018

Baltimore, Maryland | July 30 - August 3, 2018

The State of the Art and Science of Coastal Engineering

Albany Beach Shoreline Stabilization and Beach/Dune Nourishment



Scott W. Fenical, PE, D.CE, D.PE Coastal Practice Leader

Mott MacDonald



Chris Barton Environmental Programs Manager

East Bay Regional Park District

Coauthors:

Jeff Peters, Questa Engineering Frank Salcedo, Mott MacDonald Keith Merkel, Merkel & Associates







